



FLYING THE AIR MAIL IN NORTHERN CANADA

(See Page 6)



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#### THE AIRPOST JOURNAL

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# THE AIRPOST JOURNAL

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THE AIRPOST JOURNAL

March 1930

## News and Comment

"I Remember When..." As our little hobby goes careening along on its non-stop flight to worldwide popularity and fame, Old Timers like to recall the early boyhood days of the hobby, and at such times, usually begin each remark with the words, "I remember when..."

Those who do remember the earlier days of the hobby, will probably recognize the four following "AGES" of Aero Philately:

The Embryonic Age—before 1920—(50c. Pioneers). The Swaddling Age—Before 1925 B.C. (Before Catalogues).

The "Wild Oats" Age—Before 1930—(Cachets uber alles).

The Age of Discretion—After 1930—(The Renaissance).

Sometime before 1920, the seeds of Aero Philately were sown, and the year which marks the end of the Embryonic Age, marked the last sale of a U. S. Pioneer for 50c.

During the Swaddling Age, B.C., Pioneers began to rise into the dollar class, the first fake covers appeared, organized Philately began to warn its children to beware of this new menace and pilots began carrying "souvenir airmail covers" in their pockets at \$15. per, (paid in advance).

The Wild Oats Age came in like a lamb and went out like a lion. This period began peacefully under the stimulus of the late Rev. Kimball's attempt to corner airpost classics, Pioneers established new altitude records, someone began to collect airpost stamps, and then friend Dickason, inspired by Mr. Kiely suddenly discovered that although airports had been operating for years, none had been properly dedicated, whereupon, an era of frantic dedication set in, which eventually took in everything in sight. An opportunist seized the moment to declare a publicity war upon Dictators and Ogres, which petered out, and everyone was out of the trenches by Cristmas. During this time, CAMs and FAMs were invented, Lindberg started on a self-conducted tour of the World, and the Airpost Hobby, having survived infantile paralysis, grew into manhood.

Throughout these periods of growing pains, the basic principles of Aero Philately remained unchanged, in fact, the struggles through which the hobby has passed, have only tended to strengthen and further develope these principles. Today Aero Philately is recognized and acclaimed around the world for what it is, namely a historical hobby concerning Postal development through Aviation, and although old age may mellow the hobby superficially, it will never alter its basic principles.

## "Autographed by Pilot"

Carl Eielson, who was lost off the coast of Siberia this winter, carried the first airmail over Route 10. Those who go in for Contract Route covers autographed by pilots, and who have a Route 10 cover signed by Eielson have a cover which they may show with pride. There are not many of them.

Collecting pilot-autographed C.A.M. covers is an interesting side-line, and such autographs certainly add interest to these historical covers. Many well known pilots, no longer living, autographed a few covers at one time, and these covers are in great demand. Off hand we recall the following pilots who have passed on, whose autographs can be found on C.A.M. covers:

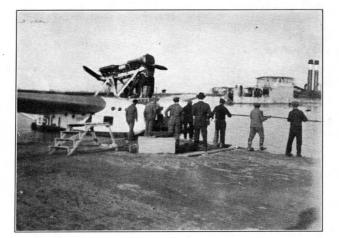
Stephenson	Route	No. 26
Kirkpatrick	Route	No. 6
Neville	Route	No. 3
Thomson	Route	No. 1
McGinn	Route	No. 17
Hill (J. D.)	Route	Sesqui
Hill (J. D.) Eielson		
	Route	No. 10
Eielson	Route Route	No. 10 No. 19
Eielson Malloy	Route Route Route	No. 10 No. 19 No. 17

Pilots Graham and Nelson were reported missing early this month, but to date we have heard no further news.

The value of these autographed covers is difficult to establish. There are probably not more than six covers extant, of some of them. Ross Kirkpatrick was killed a few days after he made his inaugural flight from Detroit, and it is doubtful if he signed more than two or three covers. Covers autographed by J. D. Hill (who was lost in an attemped flight from this Country to Rome) who signed not more than six, and covers autographed by Thomson, McGinn, Hopson and Malloy are about as rare.

As everyone knows, Lindbergh autographed about 25 covers which he carried on Route No. 2, and a much smaller number which he carried on his F.A.M. flights. These covers command the highest prices, among autographed C.A.M. and F.A.M. covers, but it is difficult to establish a value even for these. The more recent contract covers with pilots autograph change hands for about \$2., more or less. Foreign covers with pilot's autograph have not enjoyed the popularity among collectors, which is shared by domestic covers.

Collecting these signatures is extremely interesting, and there is no doubt that they add historical value to a cover collection. They add to the interest in a cover, but it must be remembered that the cover is the important thing, for without it, the autograph would have no value, as a general rule.



THE AIRMAIL ARRIVES

First Flight Palermo (Sicily) to Tunis was inaugurated January 6th, 1930. A bag of only 32 covers was carried by Hydroplane Savoia-Marchetti "S 55". They are cancelled "Palermo Porto 6.1.30 Posta Aerea" and bear the arrival (mechanical) postmark of Tunis of same day, 20 hours. Some covers are autographed by first Pilot, Mr. Arcidiacono.

The First Flight on the aerial line **Rome-Tunis** via Gagiari (Sardinia) was made December 10th, 1929 at 8:45 a.m. from the hydroplane station of Ostia. Pilots of the hydroplane Savoia "S 55", famous since the Nobile Search Expedition by their record flight from Lago Maggiore to the Red Tend, were Sigg. Salminci and Paccomio. After a regular two hours flight, the plane went down at Gagliari, where a small dispatch of mail was charged.

From Rome correspondence was forwarded on this occasion and the following airpost marks exist: The mail posted before 23 in the Rome Central P.O. was postmarked "ROMA CENTRO POSTA AEREA 9.12.29.23" some covers posted after this hour bear the cachet "ROMA CENTRO POSTA AEREA 10.12.29.29.6" These with the cachet of 9.12.29.23 bear also the transit air postmark of Rome Railway P.O. (ROMA FERROVIA) of 10.12.29.6, as the later P. O. forwarded the mail-bag of Rome to Ostia. The mail posted at the Rome Railway P.O. is postmarked "ROMA FERROVIA 10.12.29". The Sardinian mail for Tunis bears the postmark "CAGLIARI STAZIONE 10.12.29.12" and the additional linear cachet "POSTA AEREA". All mail arrival-backstamp of same day: 10.12.29.20. Reg. covers and a few ordinary bear a hand-postmark "LA GOULETTE 11.12.29 REGENCE DE TUNIS".

On 11th December, 1929 was inaugurated at Ostia at 9 a.m., the very important aerial line ROME-TUNIS directly. The two-motor "S 55" was piloted by the well known pilots, C. Tonini and Max Gallotti. They were kind enough to sign some covers. After a regular flight of four hours the Hydroplane arrived at Tunis. That's the tenth part of the time ordinarily needed to join Rome to Tunis, by steamer and railway.

The mail forwarded on the occasion of this important flight consisted of:

 Mail posted at Rome Central P.O., which bear the air postmark "ROMA CENTRO POSTA AEREA 11.12.29.6".
Mail posted at Rome Railway P.O., cancelled "ROMA FERROVIA POSTA AEREA 11.12.29."

3. Mail posted at Ostia; this P.O. opened, accepted for first time mail, and the 10 cards and 13 letters, of which the bag consisted, are postmarked "OSTIA IDROSCALO CIVILE 11.12.29" and all pilot-signed.

4. Mail posted at Vatican State: This consist of reg. and ordinary mail postmarked (on Vatican State stamps) "POSTE VATICANE 10.1229" or "POSTE VATICANE 10.12.29.18" while the airmail fee was prepaid by Italian air stamps, which were cancelled during their transit through the Rome Railway P.O. with the special airpost mark "ROMA FERROVIA 11.12.29." A few covers are known with an additional 2-line cachet in blue "POSTE VATCANE".

## THE HISTORY OF THE AIRPOSTS OF POLAND 1928 -- 1929

#### By TADEUSZ GRYZEWSKI

Up to July 10th, 1928, all air mail from Danzig. (Gdansk) to Poland could only be sent from the post offices of the Danzig Post, although a branch of Polish Post had for long been functioning in Danzig.

The Polish Ministry of Posts had for a long time negotiated with the Government of the City of Danzig, to obtain permission for the Polish Post Office Authorities to handle air mail addressed to Poland. The Danzig authorities had finally consented to the proposition and as a consequence, the Polish Post Office on January 10th, 1928 was receiving air mail for Poland.

Regarding the Aerograms of first flights to Zurich, Venice, Rome, Barcelona, Madrid, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, London, it must be explained that these aerograms were not sent on the occasion of establishing new air lines, but The Polish Ministry of Posts communicated with Foreign Societies of aerial communication, and by this way letters addressed to these cities are sent via air lines from Warsaw to Vienna or Paris, same fee collected, they go via air mail to the above mentioned cities.

The official organ of The Ministry of Posts, issued a special circular in which it allowed the post offices to accept air mail addressed to the above mentioned cities from September 19th, 1928 (to London from 19th) and make separate trips with this mail.

Similar understanding took place with the Aerial Society "Latecoere"—which held communication between Toulouse, Morroco and Senegal. The only difference being a higher fee on air mail to these countries.

(Continued on next page)



THE "SAVOIA-MARCHETTI" PLANE

The Contract Company edited also for this flight a commemorative cover with a special red-print in the left upper corner.

For the return flight also a special cover was prepared by Contractors S.A.M., "SOCIETA AEREA MEDITERRANEA". These are known only in "unused" condition, as the first return flight of the 12th of December, 1929 was executed without air mail, with exception of 3 examples of the Italian newspaper "L'Unione" which appears in Tunis. These newspapers bear the cachet of the Company and are pilot-signed. Until to-day no mail had been carried from Tunis to Rome. —S. BAYER.

#### (Continued from page 4)

From October 24th, 1928 the Ministerial circular allowed the postal authorities to accept aerograms which went by air lines to Paris, thence via Toulouse to Morocco and Senegal. On the first flight Warsaw sent out 75 covers to Rabat, (Morocco) and 50 to St. Louis Senegal. These covers besides bearing the postal cancels and date Oct. 24, 1928, have a special commemorative cachet of the aerial Communication Society "CIDNA": "I-er Vol Offic.

Pologne-Maroc-Senegal". violet color to Morocco-red, to Senegal. Covers bear arrival dates: 28th Oct. 1928 Morocco, 4th Nov. 1928—Senegal.

The aerial communication of Poland was reorganized from the 1st of Jan. 1929. On this day the concessions of both aerial Communication Societies expired, and from that date became the property of the Government. The new air lines with the Capital of governmentalselfgovernment became known as: Linje Lotnicze Lot. (Air lines Lot). This new society opened on Jan. 7th the following new lines: Warsaw-Katowice-Brno-Vienna and Cracov-Katowice. Besides these there exist the old lines Lwow-Warshaw-Gdansk, and Warsaw-Poznan.

On the occasion of the establishment of new lines covers were sent on 1st flight from Katowic the 1st flights took place on the 7th of January-to Brno on the 8th. All covers received a special commemorative cachet prepared by the new Society. Cachets appear in one type, red color, in three or four lines: "Lot I Vol"-Katowice, in the third row the name of the city addressed to, and eventually in the fourth row-"Via Warsaw". 200 covers were sent to Warsaw, 150 to Cracov (these bear the arrival cancel only, ("Nadeszlo Poczta Lotnicaza",)-141 covers were sent to Vienna. The airplane carrying this mail sustained a forced landing caused by a defect in the motor. It came down at Pohrlitz, Checho-Slovakia. Being unable to resume its flight immediately, the pilot consigned the mail to the postal authorities where a large cancel was applied:-

#### "ATTERISSAGE FORCE A POHRLITZ (C.S.R.) NOTLANDUNG IN 7.1.1929."

These letters were then sent by train to Vienna but received no arrival cancelation. That day there was also mail carried on the 1st flight via Warsaw to the following points: To Posnan (25 covers), Lwow (55). These bear the arrival cancel and date of Jan. 8, 1929. First flight to Brno, Jan. 8th: 75 covers sent, and arrival cancel of Brno has date Jan. 8th, 1928. Some covers bear backstamp of Brno Feb. 8th 1929, caused by a faulty shift of ciphers. When the error was found out the cancel with the wrong date was crossed out with a blue pencil and a correct one applied.

The 1st flight from Warsaw to Katowice took place also Jan. 8th. 230 covers were sent with a special commemorative cachet applied by the Society "Lot". This cachet in red or violet color is round and adorned with ornaments. The upper semicircle contains: "Warsaw", the lower one "Katowice". A narrow strip devides the circle in which appears: "Lot I Vol". There were 55 of them sent out on the 7th of Jan. 1929 from Lwow via Warsaw to Katowice. Covers bear a two line cachet applied by the Society "Lot,—I Lot, Lwow-Katowice". The arrival cancel bears date of 8.I. 1929.

On January 8th also, 65 covers were sent from Gdansk to Katowice via Warsaw and these arrived the same day bearing a special commemorative cachet of (Continued on page 9)

#### THE TRUTH ABOUT THE 1929 MEXICAN AIR MAIL ISSUES

For some time past and in a systematic manner the American Philatelic press has been sharply criticising the Mexican Postal Department in connection with the various Air-mail issues that appeared during 1929.

"The Air Post Journal" in its January issue published an article writen by Mr. William C. Albrecht entitled "Speculative Air Mail Issues". Much to our regret we noticed that this article was writen in a passionate strain and the author condems unjustly the commemorative "Aviation Week" issue branding such stamps as "speculatives" from the fact that only 3,000 of the 0.40 cents denomination were issued when there are over 25,000 Air-mail specialists that would like to have that stamp in their collections at a low cost.

Mr. Albrecht does not realize that the Government based the quantity of the issue on the necessities of the Mexican Air mail service without stopping to consider the philatelic side of the issue. Since those stamps were intended for use during one week, only 100,000 of the 20 cents (regular rate for Air mail letters) were printed, while 3,000 of the 40 cents (Registration rate) were figured as an established proportion.

We, the Mexican philatelists residing in the City, looking at the case from the philatelic point of view asked the Post Master General to make an over-issue of 10,000 which we would buy to supply the necessities of the foreign collectors, but unfortunately our request was denied as the ruling authorizing the issue could not be amended. As a further explanation we would like to state that out of the 3,000 40 cents stamps, 423 were sent to the Universal Postal Union at Bern, so that only 2,577 stamps were sold to the public. The result was that collectors, dealers and dealer's agents fought very hard to secure all they could, raising prices in a sharp competition, bringing up the price of that stamp the first and second day as high as five dollars. Now Mr. Albrecht claims that if those stamps were so scarce why were they offered wholesale in New York at three dollars apiece. We are not surprised at that since some important dealers as Mr. Henry of Los Angeles, for instance, made a special trip to Mexico for the purpose of procuring a large quantity of those stamps at face value during the two days they were on sale and for this reason it is not surprising that they were offered at the price quoted in New York.

Following Mr. Albrecht's article we see that he blames the Mexican Government for the air mail official overprint on the remainders of the Postal Congress stamps and emphasizes the fact that only 600 small sets and 78 \$1.00 stamps were overprinted, but he ignores the causes that compelled such an action. The U. S. Government sent a communication to the Postal Department of Mexico suggesting the advisability that all official letters sent through the Air mail service into U. S. territory should be mailed with "Official air-mail" stamps. To meet such a request and while regular stamps could be printed the Postal Department ordered to overprint the "remainers" of the Postal Congress issue on hand which was hurriedly done without considering the philatelic side of the case as usual.

Now the reason for the overprinting "Official" on the 20 cents Aviation Week stamp was due to the fact that the rate of the Air mail postage was reduced from 35 to 20 cents according to the agreement made at the Postal Congress in London recently, and having on hand 20,000 of the obsolete 20 cents denomination it was decided to use them up for Official use.

If Mr. Albrecht wishes to do some "spring cleaning" we would suggest that he should not begin deleting Air mail stamps from the catalogs that are still available, but he should fight, and fight hard, against the large number of varieties in all countries, as inverted centers, typographical errors, omissions, broken overprints, etc., which command exhorbitant prices. But against these he makes no protest. Fortunately in the Mexican Airmail stamps these descrepancies are not found as the Postal authorities take special care that those rarities will not appear as they will be the cause of real speculation.

#### -ERUARDO AGUIRRE.

(We cannot help but wonder why the Mexican Postal authorities took such care to avoid any errors in their overprinting, in order to reduce philatelic speculation, if, as Mr. Aguirre states, the Postal authorities issue their stamps, without "stopping to consider the philatelic side of the issue".—Ed.)

#### THE AIRPOST JOURNAL



Considerable amount of space has been used in mentioning the North West Territories, and possibly the reader may not be familiar with the size of that very vast territory. The area is 1,922,735 square miles and the population 7,988. Fort Smith is the Headquarters of the Territorial Government. In the whole Territory there are nineteen Post Offices, and none of the Forts (as they are called, although they are no longer actually Forts, in a military sense) have a population of 200 people. The Government is practically in the hands of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police (formerly the Royal North West Mounted Police) and their work in that Country is considered the finest in the World. No traveller can go beyond Fort Smith into the vast North Country without reporting to the Police. And once in that Country, the Police can always locate any person, as a complete record is kept of each and every person everywhere. Every policeman is a trained man, and usually has



served, at the very least, four Years before being sent North. A Sergeant, often a Corporal, will be found to be the Magistrate, Coroner, Postmaster, in fact, everything under the sun. And not only that, they are usually called on to make trips of anywhere from 200 or 300 miles each Winter, and often possibly over 1,000 miles. And in weather so cold, that 30 degrees below is considered mild Winter weather.

On April 3rd, 1929, Pilot Dickins flew on an Experimental flight for his Company, Western Canada Airways, carrying a small mail of 24 letters with the Company's air mail stamps, from Waterways to Fort Simpson and return. To assist the Government he also carried all mail on hand, both going North, and on his return trip South without extra charge. Stops were made both ways at Fort Chipewyan, Fort Smith, and Fort Resolution. The return trip was made on the 9th. Part of the mail carried was evidently handed to the Pilot instead of the Postmaster, as covers have been seen that are postmarked at Waterways, but bearing the return address of inhabitants at the above places. However, on arrival the Company instructed him to take his plane into The Pas, Man. in order to be prepared for Summer flying. Part of the mail was carried through to The Pas, and a few covers about 10 or 12, are known cancelled at The Pas, Man.

The Spring was very late that year, however, in Northern Canada, and mail was piling up at many Post Offices for Northern points. For this reason, the Government suddenly decided to use planes of the Royal Canadian Air Force to carry mails between Wabowden, Norway House and Cross Lake, Man. The first mail carried from these two points into Wabowden was flown on May 4th, and as only a few covers were carried it would have no value as air mail, as no mail was backstamped at Wabowden. The regulations of this flight are greatly different from that of any other Government service. Mail was carried bearing 2c stamps only. No registered mail carried under any circumstances. No parcel post was allowed to be forwarded. The public took their own risk that this mail would reach its destination. Only very light letters would be carried.

March

May 6th the first plane left Wabowden flying through to Norway House, and mail carried there was backstamped that date. Next morning the pilot flew through to Cross Lake where mail was backstamped May 7th. Covers carried were to Norway House 311, Cross Lake 327. No cachet was used.

It should be here noted that early in June, the Government also arranged to have letters carried from Norway House to God's Lake, Island Lake, but no mail was taken from Norway House to these places, except to actual residents. Therefore mail that was directed to these points for this first flight, was not carried and cannot be considered genuinely flown, unless bearing a bone fide address, otherwise they were not flown. However, it should be noted here that covers exist addressed to God's Lake and backstamped Norway House, May 6th also June 5th. These covers are actual first flight covers from Wabowden to Norway House, and can be accepted without



any shadow of doubt as mail of this first flight. But they were not flown to God's Lake.

Maý 21st, another new Air Mail Company appears on the scene, the Commercial Airways of Edmonton, Alta. The Company issued an air mail stamp, value 10c showing a map of Alberta, with the route shown, over which they flew. This was from Edmonton to Grande Prairie. These were printed in sheets of 10 stamps, with 25 sheets to the book. In all 20 books were issued making an issue of 5,000 stamps. 1500 stamps are perforated all round, the balance having either one or two straight edges.

May 21st Capt. (Wop) May flew from Edmonton to Grande Prairie date. On page 386 of the "Canadian Philatelist" the following will be noted :

"I have recently seen several varieties of Western Canada Airways, McMurray to Aklavik, etc. and can most unhesitatingly state that these covers never had a cachet applied by the company. Further that no cachets were officially applied."

The writer however is able to state that this is an example of publishing

any news that comes into the office,

without trying to verify same. Hav-

ing personally seen this cachet, also

having seen covers stamped with

same, I can state that the same cachet

is still in the office of the Company.

It is regretable that such misleading

statements should be allowed to be

published, as one wonders what

would happen if customers of any

dealer should return covers, and in-

form him they were fakes, on the

assumption that the cachet was pri-

vately applied.

the

at a



with the "Flying Inspector" Hale of the Edmonton Post Office, and carried 734 letters. The return flight was made that afternoon and 682 letters were carried. A special eightsided cachet in blue was used, bearing the wording "First flight Air Mail Edmonton to Grande Prairie (Reversed on return flight) May 21, 1929." The Company's stamps are cancelled in blue also with a rubber cancellor with five wavy lines, and to the side "Use Air Mail."

May 28th Pilot "Punch" Dickins, having flown over 1,000 miles from Winnipeg (where he attended an Air Meet) in less than two days, started th? Western Canada Airways new service which was to be flown from Waterways to Aklavik, the longest service ever operated by a private company in Canada, being over 1,600 miles in length. He flew from Fort Smith to Fort Chipewyan and Waterways. It is known that Dickins carried nearly 100 letters from each place, and all bear the Western Canada Airways air mail stamp. Covers are backstamped either May 30th or June 3rd. A peculiar feature of this flight is the blue eight sided cachet used by the company. The wording is "Western Canada Airways Limited Air Mail First Flight", with outline of plane, and underneath this "Ft. McMurray to Aklavik June 29th 1929." The date was evidently intended to be the first flight right through to Aklavik, which however was not made on that

Fort Simpson and points between. Covers North are all backstamped various dates between the 12th and 17th, and South covers between 17th and 21st. The same cachet in blue showing date they expected to fly through to Aklavik was again used with date of June 27th. Another new company now ap-

pears on the Canadian scene. The Cherry Red Airline Ltd. of Prince Albert, Sask. May 30th the company received authority from Ottawa to carry mail North to Lac la Ronge, Montreal Lake, Waskesiu Lake, Ile a la Crosse. Evidently no idea was entertained of carrying much mail as the first issue was 110 stamps. However a few days later they isued 24,000 more in sheets of fifty. The stamp is of the 10c denomination and shows a red Fairchild Cabin plane flying over a field with the hangar in the distance.

flight, to and from Toronto. Toronto

used an official cachet in black, while

Hamilton used one in either black or

blue. Covers Hamilton to Toronto

14,916. Toronto to Hamilton 6,290.

route was opened by Pilot C. H.

Dickens of the Western Canada Air-

ways. He left Waterways flying to

On June 12th another part of the

On June 15th, Cherry Red Airline made their first flight carrying mail between Prince Albert and Lac la Ronge, and return flight. In all slightly over 30 covers were carried. These will, therefore probably be rather difficult to secure. No cachet was used for this flight.

On June 21st the Western Canada



CANADIAN WATERWAYS MAKE IDEAL LANDING FIELDS

On June 4th occured the opening of the Kingston Airport with flights from there to Montreal and Toronto, and return. This was the first occasion in which the Canadian Government authorized an official cachet at the opening of an Airport. Four different cachets were used for the event, and it is understood that black was the color used in all cases.

On June 6th, Hamilton, Ont. opened their Airport with a special

Airways also started flying in the same District as the Cherry Red. They carried mail that date from Prince Albert to Lac la Ronge Waskesiu Lake and Montreal Lake. Return flight also made that day. No covers are known from Waskesiu Lake or return, although it is very likely that three or four exist. There is no possibility of more than that number as far as I am able to learn. To Montreal Lake no mail is known

7

March

to have been carried, and but one cover from Montreal Lake to Prince Albert is known. Prince Albert to Lac la Ronge 313 covers. Lac la Ronge to Prince Albert 301 covers. The cachet used by the company was in blue and is worded as follows "Western Canada Airways Ltd. Air Mail. First Flight. Prince Albert to Lac la Ronge. June 21st 1929." Nine covers are known to Lac la Ronge without cachet as all other covers flown bear the cachet in blue.

On June 23 Yukon Airways Ltd. Pilot John M. Patterson flew from White horse to Champagne Landing and return, same day. All covers bear the 25c blue stamp of the company. Am unable to state how many covers were carried.

July 1st Pilot C. H. Dickins finished the opening of the Waterwaysor Southbound have the blue cachet showing date of June 27th 1929, no matter what date the mail was flown. Five covers are in the possession of an Ohio collector which were stamped in purple ink through the company's error. In all there are over 80 point to point covers known, and some places had 30 to 40 covers, others had larger numbers. Arctic Red River seems to be the favorite with 502 covers from all points to there.

July1-2. Moncton celebrated the First Maritime Air Pagent with flights on both days to Sydney, Nova Scotia, Saint John, New Brunswick and Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island. Six very beautiful cachets were used on both dates under authority from Ottawa. The following is the estimate of covers carried July 1st.

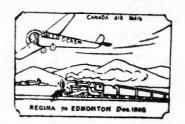


Aklavik flight by flying right through to Aklavik, for the Western Canada Airways. The blue cachet of June 27th mentioned before was also used in this case. The whole distance was made in about a day and a half. One wonders when reading this why Dickins was able to cover so much ground, while in January 1930 the pilots with the Government mail could not cover half the distance. The reasons being that in Summer daylight is around two or three o'clock in the morning, and in the Arctic Circle night comes about midnight. In January flying is impossi-ble before nine in the morning, and pilots must land before four in the afternoon, so that the Winters day is not half the length of the Summer day.

July 2nd Dickins left Aklavik and flew South stopping at all points which are also on the Government flight of this January. Arrived at Edmonton on the 3rd almost 1,900 miles away. Mail of this flight has all different dates in backstamping as all P.M.s seem to have done this work when they had a little spare time. All cachets either Northbound Moncto-Syney 4,000. Sydney-Moncton 8,000. Saint John both ways about 7,000 each. Charlottetown both ways about 7,000 each.

July 15. Another new Government air mail service started on this day from Toronto to Buffalo, N.Y. The flight was only made one way and no mail carried from Buffalo to Toronto. The official cachet was applied in black.

July 15. The Toronto-Montreal route was extended on this date to



link these points with the U. S. air mail service at Detroit. Stops were made at Hamilton, London and Windsor and as usual, the Canadian Government applied official cachets to all mail carried in black with a fine set of cachets. On Aug. 11th, Pilot Cruickshanks of the Western Canada Airways flew from Prince George, B.C. to Barkerville, B. C. As far as known no mail was carried, but if any reader has seen any covers of this flight, please advise me particulars for publication.

(NOTE—I have gone to considerable expense, and spent a tremendous amount of time in trying to obtain



accurate information on this article. Possibly readers can inform me of errors, and if so, will be very pleased to have you write me, so that I can publish my errors at earliest possible issue.)

On Aug. 13 Cherry Red Airline flew with mail from Prince Albert to Montreal Lake, stopping at Lac la Ronge on the trip. Covers are backstamped Montreal Lake that day, although most covers were postmarked at Prince Albert on the 12th. There was no cachet used on this flight, and covers carried number 204 with the special 10c stamp of the company.

On Aug. 15th Cherry Red Airline flight took place from Montreal Lake to Prince Albert. All covers are backstamped at Prince Albert that date. No cachet as usual, and 179 covers were carried.



#### (Continued from page 5)

the "Lot" Society reading: "I Lot, Gdansk-Katowice". (violet color).

As it was impossible to notify, on time, all the post offices about this new line to Katowice, air mail from Cracov was sent on the 10th to Katowice, and from Posen to Katowice on the 11th of January via Warsaw. Kracov sent out 150 covers on the 1st flight dated 10-I-1929, special com. cachet by Society "Lot". This cachet shows a swallow in flight holding a cover in its beak on which appears: "I Lot Pocztowy Krakow-Katowice, 10.I. 1929." From Poznan to Katowice via Warsaw-55 covers were sent with a special com. cachet by Soc. "Lot": "Vol I Lot, Poznan-Katowice, via Warsaw, 11.I. 1929." Date of arrival 12.I. 1929.

On the 3rd of May 1929 a new aerial line was established viz. Zurich-Geneve-Clermont-Ferrand. The Polish Ministry of Post on the 3rd of May authorized post offices to receive air mail to Clermont-Ferrand (France) via Vienna and Zurich. Warsaw sent out 40 covers on the 1st flight (May 3 1929) and these bear backstamping "Clermont-Ferrand, Aviation, 3 Mai, 1929."

During the Polish National Exposition at Poznan, the Society "Lot" organized on the 17th of May 1929, a twice daily aerial communication between Warsaw and Poznan. On this 1st additional flight 100 covers were sent from Warsaw to Poznan with a 3 line com. cachet of the Soc. "Lot": "I-er Vol Supplemantaire, I-y Lot dodatkowy, Warszawa-Poznan (Exposition G. Pol.)" These covers bear an interesting arrival backstamp, namely, an extra label "Lotnicza"—"Par Avion" and a hand written addition in red pencil "Nadeszlo". In the post office located at the Exposition Ground in Poznan air mail is canceled: "Poznan, date, Wystawa K." also an air cancel is applied: "Poste Aeriene, Exposition Generale Polonaise, P.W.K. Poznan."

The "Lot" Society undertook to establish a new aerial line Katowice-Poznan-Bydgoszcz-Gdansk. A trial flight took place on the 27th of May 1929 attended by the

Representatives of aerial authorities. On the occasion of this trial flight the post office of Katowice sent 50 aerograms addressed to Poznan. These bear a three line commemorative cachet in red color prepared by Soc. Lot. "Lot próbny, I-er essai 27.V.29, Katowice-Poznan." A few days later, June 1st, 1929 the new line Katowice-Poznan-Bydgoszcz-Gdansk was opened officially. To commemorate this event the post office authorized all the Polish cities that have aerial communications a special cachets of one design: a large framed cachet with an aeroplane in flight to the right, a dotted line course along the seashore from Gdansk to Bydgoszcz and Poznan; on the right at top: "Otwarcie Linji Lotniczej Katowice-Poznan-Bydgoszcz-Gdansk"-below, I VI 1929. At the very bottom "I LOT" and designation of cities between which the flight took place.

The following first flights took place:----

From Katowice to Poznan80 c	covers
From Katowice to Bydgoszcz150 c	covers
From Katowice to Gdansk150 d	covers
From Poznan to Bydgoszcz150 c	
From Poznan to Gdansk150 c	
From Bydgoszcz to Poznan150 o	
From Bydgoszcz to Katowice150 of	
From Bydgoszcz to Gdansk150 c	
From Bydgoszcz to Warsaw via Poznan 80 o	
From Bydgoszcz to Lwow via Poznan-Warsaw 80 c	
These arrived in Lwow on the 2nd of Jun	
and have the backstamping of the 2nd.	
From Warsaw to Bydgoszcz80 c	covers
From Gdansk to Bydgoszcz150 c	covers
From Gdansk to Poznan150 c	covers
From Gdansk to Katowice150 c	

We note that most of the air mail that arrived at Bydgoszcz has a two line stamping: "Nadeszlo pocztu lotnicza". Only few of them bear the date of arrival.

#### TION REV C

Realized

#### THE DICKASON SALE

Rea	ilizea
Lindbergh autographed cover C.A.M. 2., end of cover containing the initials "C.A." was cut off in opening. PEORIA-CHICAGO. Won by Ye Editor for	35.50
Graf Zeppelin card, LOS ANGELES - LAKEHURST, signed by Dr. Eckener	25.30
Carmi, Ill.—pmkd. "Sept. 114:30 P.M1913", red cachet. "Mailed via Airship" on Special Souvenir card (stamp is torn)	28.50
Shenandoah-Lakehurst Northbound has Lakehurst pmk. and both cachets	24.00
1st China-Japan Airmail 9-12-25-carried by Major F. de pinedo	9.30
Curacao-1st day provisional air stamps 50c, 1G, 2G, on cover, flown to C.Z.	12.10
Canada—Semi-official stamps—Northern Air Service, Ltd.—blue stamp—tete-beche pair very fine—o.g.	2.90
-Jack V. Elliott Air Service-wavy background-2 pairs, 4 stamps, showing all 4 varieties of dash and dot design-very fine, o.g.	4.60
-First Aerial Mail-burning Zepp design (Berkshire No. 3-4.00)	1.50
-Patricia Airways Limited (PAL) 1928-(5c face) No overprint- complete sheet of 8 with full margin	2.50
India—Allahabad Flight 2-18-11—1st airplane mail in History—reserve 5.00	7.50
Colombia—1st Scadta isue 1920-2110c yellow, 30c rose, 30c rose and black—3 very fine stamps	5.10
-The just obsolete Scadta set-5-10-15-20-30 and 50c-six values	2.35
Costa Rica—Ch. No. 1—1921—1 colon green and yellow—for 1st service Costa Rica-Managua—very fine used copy of this very scarce stamp	5.45

#### THE TOASPERN SALE

Realized 1 New York to Clifton, (Ireland). First crossing eastward of the Atlantic from the United States, by the British dirigible, R 34. 1918, 24c carmine and blue tied to cover with "killer" "1", New York, Foreign Branch and Hempstead, N. Y. pmks, as well as the arrival pmk, "LONDON R 34 13 JY 19-213". One of the finest known covers of this history making flight The cover is of this history making flight. The cover is addressed to the distinguished British philatelic writer, Mr. Fred J. Melville. A cover with an ordinary 2c stamp fetched \$130. in the Steinmetz Sale, last year (1302)

#### 2 S. S. Ile de France. 1928, Aug. 23, very fine cover used to Le Havre, franked with a superb copy of the 10fr carmine, together with three 50c vermilion (214). Registry label to lower left, tied. Splendid cachet and gorgeous cover, which was signed by the pilot. One not signed fetched \$52.50, in the Lissiuk Sale of Oct. 29-30 (353)

S. S. Ide de France, exactly as above, but with the much rarer 10fr blue. Signed as above 3 151.00

Graf Zeppelin-Radolfzell. 1928, Oct. 31. On 4 her maiden trip east. Very fine and rare postcard, mailed on board the Zepp and dropped over Radolfzeel, Germany.

133.00

60.00

## THE Airpost Journal

Published at 108 State St., New Haven, Conn., U. S. A. by H. York.

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The publisher reserves	the rig	ht to	decline	any
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Address all communications to: The AIRPOST JOURNAL, 108 State St., New Haven, Conn., U. S. A.

Mr. Betts whose advertisement appears regularly in this magazine, has had the courtesy and foresight to mail out copies of his new price list of Air Mail Stamps, in First Day Covers of the new U. S. 5c. Air Mail Stamp. This friendly gesture will certainly be appreciated by those on his mailing list, for these covers will have a real value.

#### SIAMESE GOODWILL PLANES VISIT INDIA

(The following is translated from the official account issued by the Aeronautical Department:—dated 24/12/29)

On Sunday the 22nd instant, three Paribatr planes left Don Muang aerodrome at 7. a.m. and after circling over Bangkok, headed straight for the North by way of Changvads, Subarnburi and Jainad at a height of 1,500 meters. At that time they were in very thick fog, and being unable to see their way, were and being unable to see their way, were therefore forced to come down lower. They succeeded in leaving the fog at 8:40 when they reached Pa Mae Wong, to the west of Khao Palad, Khao Lam Bayagga and Khao Lam Boyonta, in Changvad Udhya Dhani. The machine of the Leader of the expedition, Lt.-Col. Luang Neramitr Baijayonta, having Captain Chang Nitinanda as pilot, then failed owing to engine trouble, and it was seen that the propeller had ceased revolving. It was necessary for the plane to make a forced descent and the pilot searched for a suitable landing place, but before he could find one the machine crashed into some trees, about 10 kilometers from Khao Palad. The machine suffered damage but the pilot was uninjured. Lt. Col. Neramitr was injured severely in the spine and abdomen and became unconscious. The pilot did his best to render assistance to him for two hours but was unable to do anything, and the commander of the flight succumbed to injuries. The pilot then walked from the jungle to Ban Nong Kee, which was on the fringe of the forest, and arrived there in an exhausted condition, so that he had to spend the night there. The exhaustion told on him the next day and he had to remain their until nearly mid-day, when the Governor of Changvad Udhaya arrived with a party.

The other two planes, when the accident occurred, flew over the scene of the disaster at an altitude of 500 meters, but could discern nothing because of the thick jungle, and therefore retraced their steps and returned to Don Muang aerodrome to submit a report.

The Goodwill Flight was resumed to Rangoon today with two planes at 7:30 a.m. the expedition being now under the command of Colonel Phya Vehasyan Silpasiddhi.

The three mail bags destined for Rangonn, Calcutta and Delhi unfortunately were stored in the wrecked plane and could not be recovered in time to be despatched by the two planes which left early this morning.

0

Apparently a number of naive collectors have sent covers to Mr. Glover, Second Assistant Postmaster General, with requests that he send them 1st day covers of the recent 5 cents airmail stamp. This is carrying matters a bit too far and Mr. Glover has written the Secretary of the A.A.M.S. about it. We hope that collectors will strive to smother future instincts of this nature.

Mr. Gatchell, in a bulletin to Society members states:

"We do feel that Mr. Glover has not been nearly strong enough in the very courteous letter he has just sent your Secretary. It seems that a large number of well-intentioned but thoughtless collec-

tors have imposed upon the time and good nature of Mr. Glover by sending to him covers to be mailed with the first day use of the new 5c. Air Mail or via first trip air mail flights with the request that he handle furnishing autographs and many other special requests. A little thought would convince any one that this accommodation is a physical impossibili-ty and one which Mr. Glover cannot grant. Mr. Glover and his associates in the Post Office Department are running the largest business in the world with over 56,000 bureaus and branches to supervise. Not one of the collectors who have imposed upon his good nature in this way would think of asking a similar service from John D. Rockefeller or Henry Ford. Mr. Glover tells us kindly and courteously, but nevertheless emphatically, that if collectors continue to impose upon the Department and his office all special courtesies and recognition to Philatelists will have to be cut out. After all, the Department exists to carry on the postal business and not for the benefit of Philatelists. Make use of their courtesies and kindnesses--NOT ABUSE of them.

#### WEEKLY AIR MAIL SERVICE ARRANGED BETWEEN SIAMESE P. O. AND IMPERIAL AIRWAYS

A weekly connection with the Imperial Airways service from Karachi to London has now been arranged, commencing with the mails forwarded from Bangkok on December 18th and weekly thereafter, letters and postcards will be accepted for transmission to Europe and via London to North America, according to announcement made by the Post and Telegraph Department today.

Postal articles will be prepaid at the following rates:

LETTERS: 60 Satangs per 20 grammes or part thereof.

POSTCARDS (Single or Reply paid): 30 Satangs.

In order to facilitate the selection of Air Mail articles for special treatment in the post, they should be conspicuously superscribed in the top-left hand corner "BY AIR MAIL KARACHI-LONDON".

From the above mentioned date the Air Mail route, MARSEILLES-LONDON will be discontinued.

Bangkok, 12th December 1929.

#### MEXICAN AIR MAILS AT AUCTION

If you have not the catalog yet, ask immediately for a copy. It is worth-while. Many rarities in covers and stamps.

Do not forget the date-March 9

VICTOR M. SUAREZ Apmt. 203 1507 M. St., N. W. Washington, D. C.

I am always in the market for good Mexican air mails. Let me hear from you. I also exchange. Have some extra FAM's of the better class to give for Mexicans.

#### Market Notes by Shylock

It seems that there are some "sleepers" among the F. A. M. covers. In some cases less than 30 were flown, and these have now reached the \$20. mark. We know of one important New York dealer who had sold 4 of them for \$2. each. He knows better now.

A great peace and quiet seems to have settled down, over our C. A. M. development. Apparently, there will be few new contract covers to add to your collections, for the next few years. In the meantime the old ones are

In the meantime the old ones are not getting any commoner.

Speaking of C. A. M. covers, their day of popularity has yet to come. To be sure they are generally collected, but they have been taken rather lightly. However, the day is not far off when they will be taken very seriously. By the way, how many dealers have them complete? You guessed it—NOT ONE!

Since the above was written, I have had a chance to see the new C. A. M. section which will appear in the Standard Catalogue, in a very few weeks. For a minute I thought I was looking at the Pioneer Section, for one or two of those early C. A. M's. are priced in the Pioneer class, and rightly so. In every case the official Government figures are printed, showing the exact amount of mail carried, in case anyone is skeptical.

The C. A. M. and F. A. M. section was compiled by L. B. Gatchell, who knows this subject better than any man alive, and the entire section will appear as he compiled it. Here are a few of the surprises: (Prices were established by Mr. Gatchell in conjunction with a group of specialists, using the Government figures and dealers wholesale and retail price-lists. The Berkshire Exchange, publishers of the Catalogue, made no suggestions or changes in this section.) Route No. 2 Peoria, south...........\$ 9.00

"	"	4	Las Vegas	7.00
"	"	8	Bakersfield, south	8.50
""	"	8	Medford, north	2.75
"	""	9	Fond du Lac, west	1.25
"	"	9	Oshkosh, west	1.75
"	"	9	Appleton, west	2.50
"	"		Ft. Myers, south	10.50
"	"	10	Ex. Ft. Myers, south	15.00

NEWFOUNDLAND CATALOG 1930 EDITION. Full of information for collectors. It has an Air Mail section. IT IS FREE. REV. BUTLER, ST. GEORGE'S, NEWFOUNDLAN (Nfid. means Rev. Butler.)	
AIR MAIL Cat. Latvia 255-257 used	Net .20 .65 .50
50 Different 100 Different 150 Different	.65 3.25 6.50

JOHN ARNOSTI Box 445 Gr. Cent. Sta., New York, N.Y.

"	"	10	Tampa, south 12.75
	"	10	Jacksonville, south 8.00
"	""	10	Macon, north 4.00
""	**	10	Youngstown, south 1.75
"	""	10	Youngstown, north 1.25
"	"	10	McKeesport 1,00
Natio	nal	Air	Races (N.YPhila.)
			from 5.25 to 7.50

The above covers are the "sleepers", or most of them certainly are. We foresee much scurrying about, on the part of C. A. M. collectors, when the Catalogue comes out.

We also note a new type of cover in the advance sheets, for covers into an addition to a route are listed. Such covers are just as mush 1st flights as those out, but this is the 1st time they have ever been catalogued.

Yes, I told you so. In the November Issue I said that the Graf Zepplin covers were too high and would come down in price when the first excitement was over. At that time \$25. was asked for a round-the-world cover. \$15. will buy one today.

As it turned out, Tokio is the "sleeper". The postmaster there apparently couldn't read the mass of cables and money orders that he got, and is just now beginning to realize what he was supposed to do.

We note that Mears is planning an attempt to regain the record for the fastest trip around the world. Personally we rank this sort of thing with flag-pole sitting and marathon dancing. The purpose behind all three are the same,— PUBLICITY.

We trust that we may be spared the usual souvenir card, but we fear for the worst.

From Mr. S. Bayer, the prominent Italian airpost specialist, comes a copy of "L'Aviazione", which is an Italian aeronautical newspaper (something we have overlooked in this country). Of special interest is a department devoted to Aero Philately. Interesting covers and cards are illustrated and well written

up. This is an idea for some enterprising publisher of an Aeronautical magazine in this country. To find an editor for such a section would be a simple matter, any number of capable collectors would gladly take charge of such a department without pay, and there are thousands of readers of these magazines who would quickly "catch on", and as we all know, once afflicted with the Airpost Fever, the patient is incurable.

FIRST FLIGHT COVERS
Cristobal to Esmeraldes, round trip, \$2.00
" Guayaquil1.50
signed by P. M 2.00
signed by P.M. & Pilot 3.00
" " Talara, or Trujilla, Peru 2.00
" " Lima, or Mollendo, Peru 1.50
" " Lima signed by P. M.
and Pilot 3.00
F. A. M. 4
Key West and Havana (set)
Aug. 1 covers, comp. set 97 covers 20.00
HOWARD M. WEAVER waynesboro, pa.

#### NEW FORGERIES DISCOVERED

I am sure that collectors will be interested of the following! I have recently found out that 3 airmail covers, I bought from a large English dealer in 1926-27 were fakes. The first piece to be discovered as a forgery was one of the rare Swiss Vevey-Villeneuve cards of 1913, which had both the red airpost cachet and the Villeneuve p.m. forged. The address of the card was printed in violet ink and reads: "Rittmeister Wolf, Luzern." Seems to be a well done forgery.

Another card, I bought from the Englishman was the German Gotha-Goldweek card of 1918 with the green arrow-cachet. This cachet and the card itself are undoubtedly genuine but the postmark on the card was forged. The card further had only a 5-Pfennig postage stamp whilst the tax was in 1918  $71/_2$  Pfennig and knowing this, we can easily understand there must have been something wrong with that card. This card had the address "Frau Lina Krausse, Marktstr, 2, Gotha", written in blue ink.

The third cover was a Mexican cover from 1923, franked with the 50c. airpost stamp of 1922, struck by a forged magenta cachet in 3 lines with the inscription: "CORREOS AEREOS—15 **Avril** 1923—Guadalara, Mexico. When we know that April is ABRIL in Spanish and not the French Avril and that the right name of the town in question is GUADALAJARA and not Guadalara as in the above cachet, we believe that this must be a fake. The cover had the printed address of "A. C. Roessler, 140 South Parkway, East Orange, N. J." Is there anyone, who has another such cover?

The above shows how important it is to have at least all rare covers and stamps examined by experts before buying, even if the seller should be a large and well known dealer. Do the airmail societies have any prominent experts at the disposal of their members?

The dealer in question wanted to have some proof that the forged covers had come from him. He did not remember them after so many years, he said, and what could I answer? I could only give him my word that the items emanated from him, and this leads me to suggest that every cover should be plainly marked on the back by the one, putting the piece on the market. In such way it would be possible to follow the story of a cover better than if it bore no indication of origin. Many covers with such indications have got these carefully scraped off or crossed over by dealers or others, selling them later, but I hope these articles will help to put a stop to the abuse. Every mark of origin is needed in plain, undamaged condition.

And if a dealer should not be willing to pay back the money for a forged cover, sold by him, or also, if a collector does not settle the affairs with a dealer and vice versa, can the injured party, who is a member of a large Air Mail Society, reckon upon assistance in the matter from his Society? Especially important for foreign members.

G. Lindman.

In writing advertisers, please mention the "Airpost Journal"

Mr. W. R. Patton will be the editor of this column on Canadian airposts, and his activities for the past few years ably fit him for the task. Any inquiries on Canadian airposts, addressed to him, will receive a prompt reply, if return postage is included. It there is anything that puzzles you, or if you can make any additions or corrections to the Canadian section in the catalogue, write Mr. Patton, (Box 2384 Winnipeg, Man. Canada).

#### MORE FAKES

This article is written as a warning to those who have bought any Cherry Red Airline covers carried on August 1st 1929, to or from Prince Albert, Sask. Two readers have written me stating that they purchased these covers from some dealer as first flight covers. For your information, it may be stated that the first flight, to and from Lac la Ronge, was made on June 15th, 1929 and about 30 covers were carried both ways. Mv advice to those who bought as first flights is to return them advising the dealer who sold you to be certain that what he sells ARE FIRST flights before sending items like this out to his customers. Certainly the dealer who sold them is not doing much to assist the Hobby by selling what should really be called fake covers.

#### AN UNRECORDED FLIGHT OF 1926

Just recently I ran across a Mining man who happened to run into Winni-

#### WORLD'S FIRST

WORLD'S FIRSI Airmail stamps were issued in Italy a year before the U.S.A. got on the job. By overprinting an Express stamp with "Esperimento Posta Aerea-Maggio 1917-Torino-Roma-Roma-Torino" they created the pioneer of all airstamps. Another stamp was overprinted "Idrovolante Napoli-Palermo-Napoli 25 cent. 25", produc-ing the world's second airstamp. By a big piece of luck, I got hold of part of the original stock of these on flown covers, so can offer five varieties, at prices that no one else can quote.

First Return Flight, Rome-Turin, May 1917. Same stamp, used on a cover, with special postmark for this flight. .....Price 75c. A second type of postmark was also used differing slightly from the common one (Champion catalogues this at \$4, as against \$1.60 for the other). I found a few covers

You can have the Set of Five Covers for \$4, and I will send you a four-page pamphlet (illustrated) giving details of these flights, free.

JOHN S. DAVIS 71 RODNEY STREET LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND ---

peg. Now this Gentleman had travelled all over the Mines out of Lac du Bonnet, and naturally he had many interesting stories to tell of the Country, especially the flights made up in that Country. The traveller in question, Mr. V. W. Inglis, during the conversation also in-formed me of a hitherto unrecorded flight. In 1926, Capt. F. J. Stevenson, pilot of the Patricia Airways & Exploration Ltd., of Sioux Lockout, flew from there with mail on his regular route, but this morning, Aug. 17th, 1926, he was detailed to fly into the Cryderman Mine. Capt. Stevenson stated to Mr. Inglis that he carried no mail for the Mine, only some equipment, but that he was authorized to carry out any mail to Sioux Lookout. Naturally the boys got busy right away as here was a chance to send out mail without going to the nearest Post Office, which was a 9 mile walk and the weather was very, very hot that time of year. When Capt. Steven-son was ready to depart on his return trip 36 letters were handed to him to various destinations. (Mr. Inglis is no doubt correct in stating 36 covers, although my investigations can only ac-count for 34 letters.) Every letter bears, either front or back, the 25c. yellow Patrica air mail stamp, also a 2c. Cana-dian and bears in Captain Stevenson's writing, written in red ink, the following notation "First air mail from Cryderman Mine to Sioux Lookout, F. J. Stevenson, Pilot." The 2c. stamp is cancelled with the box-like rubber stamp of the Company, Patricia Airways & Explora-tion Limited. Aug. 17-1926, Sioux Look-out, Ont. This also appears on the back cancelling their air mail stamp. Capt. Stevenson then posted these letters four days later, as the Post Office stamped them all "Sioux Lookout, Ont. Aug. 21st 1926." with their date stamp. Evidently the reason why these covers never came on the market was the fact that nobody had a chance to get a corner on them, the only ones mailed being legitimate correspondence.

Cryderman Mine is located nearly six miles West of the Ontario Boundary in Manitoba, and is nine miles North and East of Wadhope where the Western Canada Airways operate their service to Lac du Bonnet. This flight must be considered the first mail flight for Manitoba by aeroplane.

The Captain Stevenson referred to as the pilot on this trip, is the same one after whom the air port at Winnipeg, Man. was named. When the Western Canada Airways starting in business in 1927, Capt. Stevenson left the Patricias for the newer Company, and was their first pilot to fly the trip on May 10th, 1927 from Rolling Portage (Hudson) Ont. to Red Lake and Gold Pines. Later on Captain Stevenson was the first pilot to open the air mail services in the North Country from The Pas to Cold Lake and Flin Flon. In August 1927 Captain Stevenson left Winnipeg for the last time, flying through to Cor-morant Lake and Cold Lake, with mail from Winnipag Man and use hilled in from Winnipeg, Man. and was killed in an accident the early part of 1928, just as he was preparing to leave The Pas for these two points. This was the first Pilot killed with the Western Canada Airways, and due to his popularity when the Flying Field was dedicated at Winnipeg, it was named Stevenson Field.

If You Are Interested in CAM, FAM, or Foreign Airmail Covers, send me your name and address so that I can add you to my mailing list for notice of special bargins from time to time.

## Geo. T. Street Apartado 1702 HAVANA CUBA

#### LETTERS FROM OUR READERS (Cont. from page 2)

few of the larger dealers have agents in as many foreign countries as possible, who automatically send covers for them. The number of covers to be sent, and the agents commission having been determined in advance. Unfortunately, it is not a simple matter to acquire a list of reliable correspondents. In the first place, it takes about as much time to prepare a single cover for a collector, as it does fifty for a dealer, and it is natural that the latter receive the first consideration.

Another possibility open to collectors is to locate a collector in a foreign country who is willing to include a cover for you whenever he sends mail himself, with the understanding that you reciprocate. This means some bookkeeping, and one or the other usually loses interest in the agreement before long.

From the standpoint of cost alone, there is no doubt that it is really cheaper to let the organization of some dealer handle this for you. If you were to attempt to send covers from 12 points in South Africa, you would be faced by the following expenditures in time or money; a letter to each postmaster with full instructions, a money order to each postmaster for postage (for U. S. stamps are of no value in Africa), and last but by no means least, the miscarriage or damage to some of your covers. To write the necessary letters and prepare your covers might take an hour, a trip to your postoffice to secure 12 money orders might take from fifteen minutes

## (Cont. on page 19)

849 - 2nd Ave., New York City

In writing advertisers, please mention the "Airpost Journal"

#### (Cont. from page 8)

On Aug. 22nd Pilot Cruickshanks of the Western Canada Airways left Prince George flying to Ingenika Mine. Mail was carried on this flight with their 10c air mail stamp, and all covers are signed by the Pilot.

Aug. 25th — Return flight from Ingenika Mine to Prince George. Mail carried bears the W. C. A. stamp, and all covers signed by the pilot. About 130 covers were carried on the North and South flight. There was no cachet used by the company. Only one flight made on this route as plane was called in to aid in the search for the MacAlpine party.

On Aug. 26th, Pilot Lee Brintnell, operating superintendent of the Western Canada Airways flew from Aklavik, N.W.T. to Dawson, Yukon. He carried a mail of 83 letters bearing the Company's air mail stamps. No cachet was used and all covers are backstamped at Dawson this date.

On Dec. 9th another experimental flight was made, on this date, in Eastern Canada. Readers will remember in January of 1929 a service was started between Ottawa-Montreal-Saint John and Halifax. This time the route was Montreal to Quebec, Moncton and Saint John. We might state here that Halifax will be added later, but not until they have a better landing field than the present one. Twelve very fine cachets were used by the Government, all in black, and actual scenes on the route flown. Many readers consider these the finest cachets ever gotten out by the Canadian Government, and it will, in my own opinion, take something pretty good to beat them. However, the Prairie set will likely have equally attractive cachets, if this flight is ever made. (This is written on Feb. 7th and I have had no news of when the landing field at Winnipeg will have lights, if they ever will.)

The Government decided to carry mail by aeroplane in the North Country this year, instead of using dog teams. Planes can make the trip in three days easily, whereas 47 days is a record by dogs. This ser-

MARIAN	NO AN	ZORENA
6a	Ch <sup>;</sup> apas	136
MEXICO	CITY-	-MEXICO

MEAICO CITI-MEAICO	
Nos. 902. 903, 904 mint	.80
Same set used	.50
Carranza complete set mint	1.75
No. 904 overp. Official in red	2.50
75 diff. Mex. postage stamps 100 diff. Mex. postage stamps	.75
100 diff. Mex. postage stamps	1.90
10 diff. Official stamps	.20
1 cover pioneer flight Guatemala-Mexico	
City 28 April 1929, same date in	
1 cover pioneer flight Guatemala Mexico City 28 April 1929, same date in both cities	6.00

vice will be from Waterways, or Fort McMurray to Aklavik, N.W.T. Further particulars of this flight will appear in a separate article, in a future issue of the Airpost Journal.

On Dec. 24th another new Government flight was made, when planes flew from Oskelaneo P.Q. to Chibougamau, P.Q. Cachet was applied in black, and like so many others, of this Province, it was applied both in French and English. I might say here, that when Canada came under the British flag, it was stipulated in the Treaty, made after Quebec was taken, that for all time, the Province of Quebec would have two official Languages, French and English. That is the reason of the two language cachets on these covers. Today, over 150 years after the war between the Englist and French, Quebec still uses the two languages. It is a common sight in every city or town in this Province to see signs in both French and English.

On Dec. 31st the return flight from Chibougamau to Oskelaneo was made. Cachet is in black, and as usual, in both languages.

The vast territory covered in this flight has been mentioned, but possibly many readers cannot visualize exactly how large the North West Territories is. The area is roughly 1,922,735 is. The area is roughly 1,922,735 square miles. Now in the United States, Texas is the largest state and seven states the size of Texas would be nearly 100,000 square miles smaller than the North West Territories. The population of this vast district is estimated at 7,988 people. Not even enough people to make a city, if all were in one town. One can thus imagine the great amount of space in this country which is not inhaĥited.

In making this flight from Edmonton, or rather from Fort McMurray the mail was postmarked Edmonton on the North flight, 26 bags of mail with about 120,000 pieces were shipped from Edmonton on Nov. 25th, 1929 arriving at Fort McMurray next day. There only being a few people at Fort McMurray, and one Postmaster, it would be impossible to have cancelled the North-bound mail there. In spector Hale of the Edmonton office accompanied the mail plane on its North and South trips, and it is estimated that during this long flight the Inspector travelled nearly 5,000 miles, perhaps exceeded that distance.

Everything was ready on Dec. 5th to leave Edmonton with three planes of parcel- post, joining the plane with mail at Fort McMurray, 300 miles North, with the prospects of starting a shuttle system of delivery, that is, getting mail (Cont. on page 14)

U. S. AND CANADIAN STYLE AIR MAIL ENVELOPES Specially designed for the First Flights 25 envelopes either style, 25c; or 125 envelopes for a dollar bill. Samples for stamp. We have in stock a full line of S.-W.-J. Co. booklets. What do you need? List free! N. JOSEPH 65 Walden St., Boston-30, Mass.

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to the first Post Office and as many more that day, then return South, starting again with points further North, and continuing until all mail had been delivered right through to Aklavik. However, just as the machines were ready to leave, word came in of a snowstorm in the North, and the idea of leaving that day had to be abandoned.

A word regarding the Pilots flying these machines. The flag-ship was handled by C. H. Becker, General Manager of the Commercial Airways who was in charge of the squadron and had a fine record with the Royal Air Force in the Great War. Another machine was handled by Idris Glyn Roberts who had just left the R.C.A.F. to become a pilot for the Company. The machine with the mail, and not carrying pacel post was handled by another well-known pilot in the Great War, of the R.A.F. no other than Captain "Wop" May who also handled the first flight of the Commercial line between Edmonton and Grande Prairie in May 1929, senior Pilot of the Company, and hero of several mercy

(Cont. on page 14)

#### Air Mail Covers

I have about 60 covers, mainly U. S. priced from 50c to \$15.00 each, that I will send on approval to collectors. Business reference required. **BRITISH & FRENCH COLONIES** I have a good stock of the regular issues. Why not try a selection on approval?

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61sr CONGRESS, 2D SESSION.

## H. R. 26833.

#### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

#### JUNE 14, 1910.

Mr. SHEFFARD introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Post-Office and Post-Roads and ordered to be printed.

## A BILL

For an investigation to determine the practicability and cost of an aeroplane or airship mail route.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 That the Postmaster-General is hereby authorized and

t directed to investigate the practicability and cost of an aero-

5 plane or airship mail route between the city of Washington

6 and some other point or points suitable for the experiment

7 and report the results of said investigation to Congress at the

8 opening of the short session in December uext, in order that

9 it may be definitely determined whether aerial navigation

10 may be utilized for the safe and more rapid transmission of 11 the mails.

THE FIRST AIR MAIL BILL

Introduced by Mr. Sheppard in 1910.

flights into the North Country during the last Winter. The fourth machine was flown by Pilot Burbidge who had also just recently left the R.C.A.F. The other members of the flight besides the four Pilots and Inspector Hale were three engineers and mechanics of the Company and a reporter. None of the Pilots however, had ever flown in this Country before.

On Dec. 10th, a start was made and mail delivered to Fort Chipawyan, also a return flight to Fort McMurray. However, the mail did not reach Edmonton on the return flight until the 13th on which date it was backstamped. Before we leave Fort Chipewyan it might be stated that over 100 years ago, Factor MacKenzie of the Hudson Bay Company,



left this Post to discover the MacKenzie River which bears his name. and on which many of the Forts covered on this trip are situated. He also set out from there on the trip which took him through to the Pacific Ocean, he being the first white man to ever make the overland journey to the Pacific Coast.

Fort Fitzgerald was reached on the 12th, also Fort Smith, Fort Resolution on the 15th, Hay River on the 17th, also Fort Providence, and Fort Simpson on the 18th. The mail from these places was returned by train to Edmonton where it was backstamped on the 20th, with the exception of Fort Simpson which is backstamped on Jan. 10th. Flying further North with two machines which now sufficed to look after the

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mail, Wrigley was reached on the 22nd, also Fort Norman. Fort Good Hope on the 25th, Christmas Day, Arctic Red River on the 26th, and on the 27th the objective was reached Fort McPherson and Aklavik. The return flight was made from Aklavik on Dec. 30th and Fort Simpson reached Jan. 1st. Fort McMurray being reached on the 2nd. Mail being forwarded from there by train to Edmonton where it was backstamped on the 10th. The long delay is explained by the fact that only a weekly train runs from Fort McMurray (from Waterways actually, as Fort McMurray is seven miles North of the Railway) to Edmonton.

The November issue of the "Journal" contained a brief description of the occupations of the various Postmasters, in this Northern section. So rarely is mail sent out or received, that the office of Postmaster is purely incidental, and is invariably in the hands of some representative man in the community, who drops his other affairs long enough to take charge, as the occasion demands. The occupations of these Postmasters are as follows:

Fort Fitzgerald-Fuel Merchant.

Fort Smith—District Agent of the Territories, corresponding to a Lieut. Gov. of a Province.

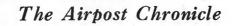
Fort Resolution and Fort Wrigley-

Manager of the Northern Trading Co. Hay River—Anglican Missionary

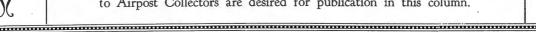
(Cont. on page 19)

McLEANSBORO, ILL., SEPT. 26-27-28, 1912 Horace Kearny at McLeansboro Aviation and Street Circus, Very good—\$20.00 Returnable If Unsatisfactory HENRY LACKS 1915 So. Jefferson St. Louis, Mo.

## THE AIRPOST JOURNAL



Notices of new flights, new arimail stamps, and any news items of interest to Airpost Collectors are desired for publication in this column.



#### ALAOUITES

Quantities issued of the 1929 set are as follows:

0.50pi	100,000 (two printings)
1pi	50,000
15/25pi	20,000 and 5,000
25 pi	20,000 and 5,000

Bulletin Mensuel.



ALBANIA

As mentioned in our last issue, 1000 sets of the 1925 issue were surcharged as illustrated above.



CANAL ZONE

The surcharge on regular stamps noted in our last issue is also illustrated.



#### DOMINICAN REPUBLIC

Two values of the new airmail series have appeared, and are of the same type as the previous issue (illustrated above). The two values which have been seen are the 10c orange yellow, and 20c deep green. Perforated  $11\frac{1}{2}$  and unwatermarked.

#### HONDURAS

By the time this appears in print, another airmail series of five values will have been issued. According to information given us, the following is the number issued.

5c	on	10c	(1923	issue)20,500
10c	on	20c	(1923	issue)20,500
25c	on	50c	(1925	issue)20,500

50c on \$1 (1915 issue).....10,000 50c on 50c (1927 issue).....10,500 (Official habilitado)

Mr. H. F. Christensen.



We were unable to illustrate the recent issue of two values and have just noticed that they were not mentioned in our last issue.

The two values are: 5c on 10c blue (red) and 20c on 50c rosine (black). Perforated 11 and unwatermarked.

Reports as to numbers issued vary from 4,500 to 15,000 sets.

A number of typographical errors have occurred, such as missing periods, wrong font letters, missing "r" in "Aereo" and missing hyphen between "oro" and "1929".

According to Scott's Monthly Journal, these varieties are distributed as follows:

> "Internacional" on both values. Wrong font "n": Nos. 1, 12. Wrong font "r": No. 44 Wrong font second "a": No. 46 5c on 10c Italic "5": No. 3. No period after "cts": Nos. 2, 16, 25. Large "1" in "1929": Nos. 10, 26, 27, 30,-34, 39, 47, 50. Many varieties of spacing are found in the third row of the surcharge. 20s on 50c Missing "r" in "Aereo": No. 14

No period after "cts.": Nos. 2, 16, 25, 26, 40. No hyphen after "oro": No. 43.

Two errors were noticed and apparently corrected after the first three sheets were printed. They are: "cts. cts." for "cts. oro": No. 20.

"1999" for "1929": No. 45.

Twenty horizontal pairs have been found imperforate between.

#### GREECE

On December 6, 1929 air mail was carried from Alexandria to Crete, Greece and London. Mail arrived at the following hours:

> Crete, Friday at 4:15 P.M. Athens, Saturday at 11:45 A.M. London, Tuesday at 3:00 P.M.

The airmail surtax was fixed as follows: For Crete, 6 mills, for 20 grms or fraction. For Athens, 10 mills, for 20 grms or fraction.



For London, 13 mills, for 20 grms or fraction. For Iraq, 12 mills, for 20 grms or fraction. For Persia, 20 mills, for 20 grms or fraction. For India, 25 mills, for 20 grams or fraction. ---P. J. DROSSOS.

A STRUCTURE SA

ICELAND

A rather attractive airmail was issued on Jan. 1st, and is triangular in shape. Only one value, but we believe that this has also been overprinted for official use. There were 325.000 issued. Value: 10 aur, deep ultramarine, perforated 12 and unwatermarked.



#### INDIA

In our December issue, we reported five values of the new India set. We have just received a set of six values, the additional one being a 2 anna, grey green.

#### JAPAN

The Tokio-Osaka airmail line will probably be extended to Shanghai, China in April.

The present airmail service is between the following points: Niiagata, Tokio, Osaka, Fukuoka, (Japan); Urusan, Keijo, Heijo, (Korea); and Dairen (Manchuria). A branch line exists from Osaka to Matsutama via Takamatsu.

#### MEXICO

The 20c Aviation Week has appeared surcharged "OFICIAL" in same type as previous official stamps. We understand that 20,000 were surcharged and about 15,000 sold the first day. Another source places the figure at 8,000. We wonder how many will be left for the officials to use.

We can supply a few back numbers of the AIRPOST JOURNAL at the regular price for single copies, which is 15 cents. On the other hand, if you wish to have your subscription begin with one of these earlier numbers you may do so.



Although a bit late, the 1 peso of the Postal Congress set Surcharged "Oficial" is illustrated.



#### PANAMA

The new permanent set was placed on sale the 20th of January. Three values were issued, 15c myrtle, 20c carmine, and 25c blue. Perforated  $11\frac{1}{2}$  and unwatermarked.

The new 5c provisional (illustrated on the right above) airmail has just been received. They were issued to take care of the new reduction in rates. We understand that 25,000 were issued. Rumor has it that there will be a \$1 value, also provisional.



#### PARAGUAY

Two of the values illustrated in our last issue have arrived. They are the 0.95 ultramarine on bluish paper, 0.95 bright rose on pinkish paper, 1.90 lilac on bluish paper and 1.90 vermillion on pinkish paper. Perforated  $11\frac{1}{2}$  and unwatermarked.

Although no definite reason is given for the two colors of each value, we presume that this system is being used instead of surcharging to distinguish those sold by Postal Agents in the country districts.

According to Gibbon's Stamp monthly, a new provisional set is being prepared of the following values and quantities.

Overprinted	"Correo Aereo"	Surcharged additional	value
10c		5c/10c1	00,000
20c		40c/50c orange	20,000
\$1 vermillion		\$6/\$10	10,000
\$2		\$10/\$20	5,000
\$3		\$10/\$20	5,000



#### SALVADOR

Again we illustrate stamps that were described in our last issue.

In connection with this set, Mr. G. W. Linke has written us a very interesting letter:

"Examining the new set of Salvador, I find a rather odd method of surcharging appears to have been used. Four of the stamps have changed their value, the 20c having only the "Servicio Aereo" overprint. However, looking closely at this 20c value reveals, in albino, the entire overprint which appears on the 35c red and green. I think the printers made up a plate for over printing the 35c stamp and decided to use the same plate for the 20c value to save time making a separate plate. In printing the 20c stamp, they probably used a "mask", a sheet of paper with slits cut in it, so that when a sheet of stamps was placed in the press with the mask on it, the "Servicio Aereo" would print in black on the

#### SENEGAL

We wish to correct our remarks anent the new issue of this country. We should have stated that essays have been called for and not that they were issued.

#### SIAM

According to "Bulletin Mensuel" the following airmail stamps have been reprinted:

5s	2,000,000
10s	2,000,000
15s	500,000

#### SPAIN

Owing to the inauguration of an internal airmail service, a new set of airmail stamps is in preparation. They will be used on the Madrid-Seville and Madrid-Barcelona lines, which were inaugurated on Oct. 21st. The airmail postage will be double the ordinary postage.

L'Aviette Postale

#### **SYRIA**

The following are the number issued of the 1929 airmail series:

0.50p	100,000 (two printings)
1pi	100,000 (two printings)
15/25pi	25,000 and 10,000
25 pi	25,000 and 10,000

Bulletin Mensuel

#### UNITED STATES

The new 5c airmail was issued, as scheduled, on Feb. 10th. We borrow the description from the "Postal Bulletin".

"The stamp is the same shape and size as the current 10c. stamp and is printed in purple. The central design is a reproduction of the insignia of an airmail pilot, a globe with extended wings on either side with a background of rays of light. Upon the globe are the words "U. S. Air Mail". In a horizontal panel across the top of the stamp are the words 'United States Postage' in stamp, the rest of the overprint falling on the mask and showing up only in albino on the stamp. This albino surcharge is, of course, difficult to discern on the face of the stamp, but is easily seen by turning the stamp face down."

We note the following in Scott's Monthly Journal: Quantities issued:

15c	25,000
20c	9,990
25c	10,000
40c	 50,000
50c	10,000

Larger quantities were not surcharged because permanent airmails are expected very shortly from Waterlow.

The only error found in the surcharges is stamp No. 91 of the 20c, which has the "e" in Aereo" inverted.

white Roman letters and at the bottom in an ornate panel is the word 'Cents'. The white numeral '5' appears within circles in both lower corners.

#### ANNOUNCEMENT

Effective with March 5, 1930, Mishawaka, Indiana, will be embraced for supply on Air Mail Route CAM-27, Bay City-Chicago Route.

Air mail to and from the Mishawka Post Office will be exchanged with Route CAM-27 via the South Bend Airport direct to and from the plane. The schedule of Route CAM-27 is therefore, changed so as to also include Mishawaka for supply by the plane reaching this airport at 8:05 a.m. and leaving at 8:10 a.m., eastbound, and reaching this airport at 6:20 p.m. and leaving at 6:25 p.m., westbound.

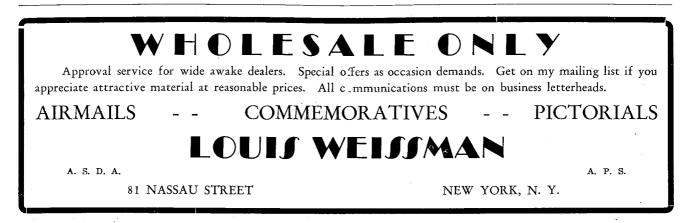
#### NICARAGUA

The 25c. and 50c. official stamps, overprinted "Correo Aereo" have been found with *double overprint*. We do not know how many were thus printed.

We are extremely sorry to learn of the death of one of the most respected men in airposts, C. E. Nickles of Washington, D. C. We have had no details, and the news comes quite unexpectedly, for although we had never met Mr. Nickles personally, we were under the impression that he was a comparatively young man, at the beginning, and not the end, of his career.

We consider Mr. Nickles' death a distinct loss to Aero Philately.

		ð	
6 Philippines-Ruth Law cover. 1919, April 5, No. 1 in the American Air Mail catalogue		38 * HONDURAS 1929, 5c, 10c, 15c and 20c sur- charged on the GARAY stamps. This set has not been listed by Scott. Why?	6.70
(285) 150.00	74.00	39 * JAPAN 1919, 1's and 3s, genuine and signed, (451-452) (5.00)	7.60
AIR MAIL ADHESIVES.     7 * ALAOUITES, 1926-27. The three sets, com-     7 * OUTES, 1926-27. The three sets, com-	2.20	49 * MEMEL 1921, 60pf on 40c, mint superb, and	
plete, mint (201-212) 5.00 8 * ALBANIA, 1925, set complete, mint (601-607)	2.30	scare (301) 9.00 50 * MEXICO 1922, 50c dark blue and red brown,	4.10
5.56 9 * —, 1927, "Rep. Sqiptare" overprint, mint	3.20	mint superb centered copy of this scarce stamp. Signed (901) (10.00)	8.50
superb set (608-614) 5.74 10 *, 1928, "Vlone-Brindisi", mint suberb set.	3.10	51 * NETHERLANDS 1921, complete mint set, grossly underpriced by Scott. Used they are	
Scarce (615-621) 8.55 11 * ARGENTINE, 1928, complete, superb mint set	7.00	relatively common, but they have always been scarce mint (701·703)	3.50
(501-519) 30.75 12 * AUSTRIA, 1918. 2.50kr on 3kr ochre, sur- charge inverted, mint (676a) 50.00	12.50 34.50	54 * PANAMA 1929, 25c on 10c orange, surcharge inverted, mint superb centered? These stamps are rare centered and not smudged (701a)	15.00
13 *, 1918-1926, complete, Nos. 675-700, very		55 *½— —, 10c orange, double surcharge, very	19.00
fine, mint $5.61$ 14 *, 1926, 5s and 10s, superb mint (701 $\cdot$ 02)	2.75	fine, mint centered copy of this unlisted rarity (702a)	12.75
4.50 15 * BOLIVIA, 1924. Set complete, fine mint	3.10	56 * — —, 10c orange, superb mint copy of the rare and unlisted inverted surcharge (702b)	10.50
(301-307) 13.20 16 * BRAZIL, 1927. Set complete, fine mint	8.75	57 * — —, 25c on 20c dark brown, double sur- charge, mint superb (704a)	13.00
(801-816) 43.00 18 * CHILE, 1928. Nos. 601-609, very fine, mint 6.55	18.50 6.30	58 * PARAGUAY 1929, the three sets complete, mint (400-409	10.25
19 *, 3p on 5c deep blue, red surcharge, mint		59 * PERU 1927, 50c violet, mint superb centered.	11.25
superb. (610) 8.00 20 *, 6p on 10s deep blue and black. Mint	7.10	60 * PERSIA 1927, set to the 5kr, very fine mint (1101-1113) 14.16	6.75
superb copy, never hinged of this stamp which is selling well over Scott's cat. price.		<b>61</b> *, 10kr, mint superb (1114) 20.00	12.50
(IF in stock, and in good condition). (611) 20.00	25.00	62 *, 20kr, mint superb (1115) 25.00	16.90
21 * — 1929, 10p, black surcharge, face value \$1.20. Mint superb (612)	2,60	63 * — —, 30kr, mint superb (1116 35.00 65 * PHILIPPINES, 1926, Madrid-Manila. 2c, 4c,	23.75
22 * CHINA 1921, set complete, very fine, mint (451-455) 4.55	2.80	5c and $8c$ , fine o. g. ( $305-308$ ) 12.00 <b>66</b> *, 10c and 12c, fine, average copies, mint	7.40
23 * COSTA RICA 1928, "Lindbergh", 10c on 12c rose, perfectly centered, mint (147) 5.00	2.75	(309-310) 9.00 67 * — —, 16c and 20c, fine, average copies, mint	5.50
28 * DUTCH INDIES, 1928. Both sets, mint superb (351-360) 5.95	4.00	(311, 312) 10.00	6.30
29 * ECUADOR 1929, set complete, very fine, mint (401-407) 17.40	12.25	68 * — —, 26, and 30c, as above (313, 314) 10.00 69 * 1928, L.O.F. complete set, very fine, mint	6.80
30 * ESTHONIA 1920-23, set complete, very fine,		(328-337) 23.70 70 * PORTUGAL, 1923 AVIATORS, superb, mint	12.00
o. g. $(201-208)$ 11.65 31 * - 1923, 15m on 5m, postally used, very fine (206) 2.50	4.40	complete set. (266-281) 6.80 73 * SIAM 1925-27, set complete, with two very	3.90
and rare thus $(206)$ 3.50 32 * - 1924-24, both sets complete, mint superb	2.40	rare values, mint and very fine (401-408) 74 O SYRIA 1920, 1pi on 5c green, tied to small	10.50
(212-222) 3.23 33 * FRANCE, Offices in Morocco, 1922, 75c deep blue, mint superb (501) 7.00	1.50 5.00	piece of cover. 5pi on 15c and 10pi on 40c both tied to tiny piece dated May 11, 1921. These stamps are very fine and rare, in	
34 * 1922.27, except above, mint superb com-	2.40	genuine used condition (301-303) (10.00) 17 O CHILE, 1927. Listed as regular stamps, not	16.20
plete sets (502-511) 4.25 35 * — Semi-Postal Air Post. 1928, set, com- plete, mint (551-560) 3.07	2.40	private, by Champion. The five stamps, not overprinted on the prepared but not issued	
36 * 1929, overprinted Tanger, set, complete, mint (561-570) 3.07	2.25	Maipu Centenary stamps. 40c, 80c, 1.20, 1.60 and 2 pesos, lightly cancelledNone	
37 * GERMANY, 1926-28, three issues, complete, very fine mint (429.438) 6.51	3.10	issued unused. Priced by Champion at Fr. fr. 475 (Ch. 1-5) 19.00	15.00



In writing advertisers, please mention the "Airpost Journal"

## THE OPPORTUNITY OF A LIFETIME! !

Without a doubt, this offer is the most attractive one made to collectors in many a moon,

#### The RARE MANAGUA-MIAMI FLIGHT-F. A. M. 5-May 15th, 1929

This flight took place with no notice and a very small mail was carried, mostly commercial. In addition, this is also the first day of use of the first Nicaraguan airmail stamp. The covers are very attractive and AUTOGRAPHED BY PILOT!

#### **AT THE EXTREMELY LOW PRICE OF \$10.00**

This cover has been selling at about \$20.00 and is a good buy at that figure. Only a few in stock, so ORDER AT ONCE TO AVOID DISAPPOINTMENT. These will not last long.

#### THE BERKSHIRE EXCHANGE

**1576 BROADWAY** 

NEW YORK, N. Y.

(Cont. from page 14) Fort Providence-Catholic Priest Fort Norman-Catholic Priest Fort Good Hope-Catholic Priest Fort Simpson-Storekeeper

Arctic Red River and Fort McPherson-Post Manager, Hudson Bay Co. Aklavik-Rev. Bishop, W. A. Geddes.

#### AIR MAIL NEWS FROM GREECE

Since the beginning of the year, the air mail postage tariff, has been considerally lowered in Greece, for all directions from Athens, on the Imperial Airways (London to Karachi) and Aur Union (Marseilles to Syria,) Lines, via Greece.

#### London-Karachi

The first air mail from Athens for Bagdad (with air mail for the whole of Iraq) left on the 16th of January, 1930 with 109 letters.

The first air mail from Athens to Gaza (with air mail for Palestine and Transjordania) left on the same date, with 105 letters. The plane carrying this mail, was held up on its flight to Egypt, at Mirabella Bay (Crete) owing

to very bad wheather. The first air mail from **Bushire** (Persia) arrived on the 25th of December, 1929 at Athens, with 5 letters; which was the first air mail ever received in Greece from Persia. Up to now Greece has never sent mail by air to Persia.

#### Marseilles-Beyrouth

The first air mail from Corfou to Marseilles left Corfou on the 17th of January, 1930 with 87 letters, and arrived at Marseilles on the 19th, where only the mail for Marseilles itself, was backstamped, the transit one receiving no postmark.

#### Brindisi-Athens-Constantinople

There is to be a stop between Athens and Constantinople at the island of Mitilene, (known to all by the special stamps, issued there in 1912-13 during the First Balkan War) by a slight deviation of the route. Should mail be carried, readers will be kept posted. (Cont. from page 12)

up to two hours. The only other ex-pense is vour postage. When your pense is your postage. covers came back, you would probably find that two of them were torn, and perhaps two others did not come back at all. This leaves you with eight covers, which have cost you from \$5. to \$10. according to how you value your time, and in the next paper you see, some dealer will probably offer them for 50 cents apiece, and they will probably be just as attractive as those you so laboriously sent.

Our experience has shown that the longer a collector collects covers, the less he sends himself, primarily because he also finds by experience that the above remarks apply in his case. A new collector instinctively feels that it is cheaper to send his own covers, to our mind it is frequently the most expensive way, and this applies whether the flight is to be made in Africa or from a neighboring city. The function of an airpost dealer is exactly the same as that of a broker or merchant. He makes it easier for you to get the material you want, and he offers it to you at a price which is less, as a rule, than you would have to pay, if you sent the same covers yourself.

"May I take this opportunity to tell you that I believe the Airpost Journal is really the most wonderful magazine of its kind that is published. I subscribe to all the larger stamp and airmail papers but there is none that can compare with the Airpost Journal because it is entirely different. I have often heard the expression "read from cover to cover" but the Airpost Journal is the only magazine that I could ever do this with.

With best on success, I remain, Very truly yours, (Signed) J. S. Boyer

Dear Sir: "I should be very grateful to you if you could kindly answer to the following questions:

When the C. A. M. route No. 31 was inaugurated? Which stops are included in this route?

In which day of December 1929 the stop at St. Petersburg, Fla. was effective? (Route No. 25).

—F. C. (New York)

Answer C. A. M. 31, Temporay service opened June 15, 1929, between Lake Front and Cicero Field, Chicago. Service connected with incoming mail only. Covers cannot

be identified. St. Petersburg added to C. A. M. 25, on December 14, 1929.

"On page 5 of your No. I, you mention 'ill will caused by the methods of American Airmail Companies in South America.' Highly colored schemes are frequently announced in the local papers, many of which have absolutely no foundation in fact, and in most cases

(Cont. on page 20)

## AIRPOST and OTHERS

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## THE AIRPOST JOURNAL

#### 108 STATE STREET,

NEW HAVEN, CONN., U.S.A.

are very premature. Shortly before the inauguration of the Pan American ex-tension from Chile to Argentine, the P. M. G. here, received a cable from U. S. A. informing him that on such and such a date, the first plane with mail from the U. S. A., would arrive in Buenos Aires. This occasioned a protest from our PMG who wrote to the Buenos Aires. This occasioned a protest from our P.M.G. who wrote to the Minister of the Interior suggesting that before foreign governments made these arrangements, the local authorities should

at least be consulted. "Something of a similar nature hap-pened in Chile because the Panagra avions were not allowed to bring any mail from Chile to Argentine, because the concession belongs to the Cia Aeroposta Argentina, and as the Chilean airmail service is a government mon-opoly, the mails brought from Argentine to Chile by the same company's avion on October 12th, for towns in the latter country, occasioned a protest on the part of the authorities there, but were subsequently allowed to pass in accordance with the terms of the London Aeronautic Convention.

'Similarly the Nyrba line announced months ago that their airmail service to the U. S. A. would be opened in January, but so far the route is only open as far as Montivideo, and as for the service from the north, I understand that there is no immediate prospect of its being opened."

-A. H. DAVIS.

## THE RAREST AIR STAMPS

Soon after the end of the Great War, the Italian postal officials prepared a special stamp, by overprinting as des-cribed below, for use on temporary air mail services in the Levant. It is said that 4,000 copies were produced. Spec-ialists have known of the existence of this issue although actual examples had not come to light and it does not appear in any catalogues, specialized or other-wise, but it now appears that the print-ing was destroyed, with the exceptions noted below, as the Turkish Post Office objected to its use in Constantinople.

We had been informed that three copies only were retained, one for state archives and one each for two highly placed officials, but in spite of extensive inquiries only two have been traced: one is government property and the other was offered to a philatelist some years ago.

#### Description:---

Italian Levant, 15pi. on 25c. The overprint was made on the 25c. rose "Espresso" stamp of 1903, in black, and consists of a biplane silhouette, 36mm. wide, above which is "SERVIZIO" and below "Piastre 15".

Francis Field.

"I have been reading with interest your "Airpost Journal" from the first copy. However.

However, in your January copy I see an article by Capt. Street which I believe is a mistake for you to publish. I mean the last paragraph of his letter, where he says, ... of Santiago de Cuba who is probably the one who is selling the next to worthless covers to dealers who know no better than to buy them at a dollar apiece.'

"The covers he refers to are covers flown from Miami to Habana, and San Juan to Habana and from there to interior points on the island by train. These covers as long as they are genuine covers are just as good as any Capt. Street sells which go to Habana only.

"I beleive it is very poor policy for any dealer to knock another man's goods like that in order to sell his own covers, and also poor policy of an editors to publish it, therefore acting as a tool for the dealer.

"I purchased some covers from a man in Santiago who is probably the one refered to and am sure that they are flown from San Juan and Miami to Cuba, and certainly do not like to have anyone run them down as long as they are really flown.

His article "Camaguey and Stgo. de Cuba on FAM 6" is entirely correct, I beleive."

-John C. Kunz.

Mr. Kunz is right in one sense. While a Miami-San. de Cuba cover is not flown beyond Havana, it was flown that far, and has the same value as a Miami-Havana cover. This also applies to covers from San Juan. On the other hand it is incorrect and bad business ethics, to describe them as "Miamiethics, to describe them as "Miami-Santiago de Cubas" covers, for this implies that they are a distinct variety, flown between these points and worth a premium, none of which is true.

The first dispatch of air mail from Alexandria to Hungary arrived at Budapest on December 10th, 1929 at 7:30 a.m., as the Karachi-London line had been suspended, due to unfavorable weather, and airmail had been sent between Athens and Budapest as ordinary mail.

The above airmail dispatch contained twenty-one registered and twenty ordinary letters. (From the Director General of Posts, of Hungary, forwarded to the "Airpost Journal" by P. J. Drossos.)

Dr. Holland A. Davis kindly sends us a copy of his publication, "The Davis Rocky Mountain Coin Encyclopaedia". If you have a few old coins and wish to satisfy your curiosity about their value, by all means send for a copy. It is very concise and well arranged, and is published by the Stamp and Coin Shop, 406–15th St., Denver, Colo.

Mr. Jost of the Boston Air Mail Society sends us a clipping from the Boston Post, on airmails, which shows that the world is getting "Airpost-Minded", but we rejoice that the author of it does not edit the Airpost Catalogue, for his facts are a bit sketchy.

The article contains the following statements: Half a million letters were carried from Paris during the Siege of 1870-1; They bore the 1st airmail stamps in history. The 1st Balloon that left Paris landed in Norway, but most of the 28 Balloons which were released landed in France. Letters and envelopes were extremely small and were made of flimsy paper in order to reduce weight.

The last statement is partially true but all of the others contain errors, four in all. Can you spot them?

#### NYBRA

On January 8, 1930 the Nybra Line inaugurated their Buenos Aires-Rio de Janeiro Line by carrying 19 pasengers over the route. (No mail). The opening of airmail service took place on January 15th, carrying mail to intermediate points. There was no mail from Uraguay, as no air mail agreement has been made be-tween the company and the Brazilian Government. Consequently there will be no return mail from Brazil. Service is weekly. Tariff is 5c. for every two grams.

The Panagra is expected to extend their route to Rio de Janeiro shortly.

-A. H. DAVIS.

We have just received a copy of J. Rosenberg's Wholesale Price List, it is thoroughly illustrated and contains a number of desirable airmail stamps. Dealers who want a reliable service in Europe, should write for a copy. The advertisement of this important firm will be found elsewhere in this issue.

#### THE GRAF ZEPPLIN

It now seems more than likely, that the next trip made by the Graf Zeppelin will be to Rio de Janeiro, via Lakehurst. One of the factors affecting this decision was probably the fact that it has proved highly profitable to transport wealthy American's across the Atlantic, while a polar flight obviously is not as enticing to passengers. At any rate, the odds are now in favor of the above mentioned flight as the next one to be made by the Graf Zeppelin.

With the institution of a new international air mail connection between Winnipcg and Minneapolis and St. Paul, via Fargo, N. D., which is expected within a month, it will be possible to send a letter from Aklavik, Alaska, within the Artic Circle, to Santiago, Chile, nearly 12,000 miles away, in two weeks.

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#### THE AIRPOST JOURNAL

## A Page From Our New Air Mail List -Send for Complete List

Country	Date	Denomination	Scott Nos.	Net
Ecuador	1929	2c to 5s inclusive	51-458	\$12.50
	1929	2c to 10s complete, RARE	451 - 458	30.00
Egypt	1926	27m deep violet	251	.30
_	1929	27m orange brown		.25
Estonia	1920	5m imperf		.15
	1923	Prov. imperf. 5 var. compl	202-206	3.50
	1924	10m to 20m complete, RARE	207-208	8.50
	1924	5m to 45m complete	212-216	1.00
<b>F</b>	1925	5m to 45m complete		1.60
France French Morocco	1927	2fr and 5fr complete		1.75
French Morocco	1922	75c deep blue, scarce 2fr to 3fr (503a) complete		$\begin{array}{c} 6.50 \\ 3.00 \end{array}$
	$\begin{array}{c}1922\\1922\end{array}$	2fr deep violet, scarce		1.00
	1922	2c to 5fr complete		3.50
	$1920 \\ 1922$	2c to 5fr TANGER, complete		3.00
Germany	1919	10pf to 200m complete		.25
	1924	5pf to 300pf complete		4.00
	1926	5pf to 3m complete	429-438	2.50
	1928	2m and 4m Zeppelin, complete	437-438	2.50
Greece	1926	2d to 10d complete		.60
Guatemala	1929	3c to 20c complete		1.00
	1929	3c on \$2.50, scarce		1.50
Hayti	1929	50c deep violet		.15
	1929	lg blue		.35
Honduras	1929	Garay Issue complete		10.00
	1929	5, 10 and 15c complete		5.00
	1929	25c red, very scarce		6.00
<b>u</b>	$\begin{array}{c}1929\\1918\end{array}$	5c and 20c complete 1k.50f and 4k.50f complete		$1.00 \\ .75$
Hungary	$1918 \\ 1920$	3k to 12k complete		.75.10
	1920 1924	100k to 10,000k complete		1.00
	1924 1927	12f to 80f complete	662 660	1.50
Iceland	1928	10auk red		.08
rechang	1929	50auk gray and claret		.22
India	1929	2a to 12a complete		1.20
Italy	1917	25c rose and 25c violet	551 - 552	.25
- 	1926	60c to 5L complete	553 - 557	.85
	1927	50c to 80c complete	558-561	.30
Japan	1919	$1\frac{1}{2}$ and $3s$ complete		9.50
	1929	8½ to 3s complete	new	.75
Latvia	1921	10r and 20r complete	251-252	.50
	1921	10r and 20r complete	253-254	1.50
	$\begin{array}{c}1928\\1924\end{array}$	10s to 25s complete	255-257	.30
Lebanon	1924 1924	1st Issue complete, RARE	201-204	3.50
	$1924 \\ 1925$	2nd Issue complete, RARE 3rd Issue complete	205-208	2.75
	1926	4th Issue complete	919 916	$1.25 \\ 1.00$
	1927	5th Issue complete	917 990	.75
	1928	6th Issue complete	221-224	.10
	1928	7th Issue complete	225-228	.50.50
	1929	9th Issue complete	233-237	7.50
Libia	1929	50c and 80c complete	151-152	.18
Lithuania	1921	20sk to 5auk complete	401-407	1.00
	1921	20sk to 5auk complete	408-414	.35
	1922	lauk to 5auk complete	415-417	.35
	1922	2auk to 10auk complete	418-421	.25
	1922	10c to 1L complete	422 - 431	6.00
	1923	20c to 1L complete	432 - 436	.70
	$\begin{array}{c}1926\\1923\end{array}$	20c to 60c complete	440-442	.30
	1929	20c to 1L Charity complete	615-618	1.50

New 1930 Lissiuk Historical Air Mail catalog-Price \$2.00 post Free. All orders filled on day of receipt -- entire satisfaction guaranteed.

## W. W. BETTS

Rooms 208, 209, 210, Moose Building - P.O. Drawer 01,

CLEARFIELD, PA.

March

In writing advertisers, please mention the "Airpost Journal"

The subscription contest seems to be developing into a parade. Mr. Betts, who sends them in, in bunches is in a fair way of walking off with a valuable prize in June. One of two things must be true, either Mr. Betts has the largest correspondence with collectors, or others in the contest lack initiative. On June 1st in the context lack initiative. On julie 1st approximately \$100.00 in commissions (25%) and prizes will be distributed. First place winner has first choice of four prizes. The prizes are: a U. S. Pioneer card, a mint complete L.O.F. set of the Difference Line de four convergence carried card, a mint complete L.O.F. set of the Philippine Islands, four covers carried on the opening of C. A. M. 2, by Col. Lindbergh, and 30 per cent discount on advertising space, to be used in any one issue of the "Journal. In the meantime we will furnish the necessary blanks and also pay a 25 per cent commission on all subscription blanks received bearing your name. Simply inclose a blank in each letter, bill, approval selection, or price list that you send out. The Airpost Journal is unlike any other airpost magazine published, and its reputation is spreading, all of which makes it fairly easy to secure subscriptions. We do everything else, but we can't mail the blanke for you blanks for you.

Here is the standing as we go to press:

W. W. Betts	.36
G. A. Zimmerman	.11
Airpost Stamp Co	. 9
Geo. Tucker	. 6
F. Herget	6
R. Wight	. 4
G. Street	. 4
N. Joseph	. 4
W. Chapin	. 3

The following have 2 each: C. D. Reimers, L. Guenzel, H. Barnett, E. Cantrell, E. Klein, W. Treichler, M. Anzoreana. 1 each: F. Toth, D. Eigel, H. Meisel, H. Kingdom, B. DuBose.

#### ADLETS—Undisplayed

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Air mail stamps and covers, Zep. flights, stamps of pioneer flights (catalogue thereof priced and illustr. 40c. postpaid) Posterstamps of expos., fairs, conv., etc. Red cross, christmas, local, revenue stamps. Emergency money of paper, silk, wood, porcel., metal. Decorations, medals. Encased stamps used as money. War relics, stamps. L. Hummel, Kranebitten 5, Innsbruck, Austria.

I have Dornier Do. X first Air Mail Nov. 17. Otto Edenharter, Muenchen-19, Germany.

Otto Edenharter, Muenchen-19, Germany. Send in your bids on the following guaranteed and fine airmail items: Mint airpost stamps. Columbia 1920, \$0.10 black & red (Champion nr. 9); Newfoundland \$1 on 15c scarlet, 10 compl. sets Danzig 1920, 3 values; Danzig 1923 error 5 millions on 10,000 (instead of 100,000) in block of four; d:o 1924 2½ guilden without net work; Lithuania 1921 1st issue 5 compl. sets of 7 values, d:o 3 compl. sets Angel series; 1 compl. set Memel 2nd & 20 r. imperforated; Persia 1927 1c--5k, 13 values; Spain 1927 compl. overprinted set; Costa Rica 1928 Lindbergh block of four; Peru 1927 50c violet; all are superb. 10 Germany, Leipzig 1912 50p. blue; 10 sets do. First Airmail on the Rhine 1912, 10, 20 & 30p; 2 "Gelber Hund" 1M stamps do.; 1 1912 Gotha stamp a 10p; 2 Munich 1912 stamps a 25p; 1 Liegnitz 1913 zeppelin stamp; 1 French Guiana 1921 75c. (Champion nr. 3). If you do not want more than one piece of each send in your bid for one stamp. Please study your catalogues before bidding. I do not send on approval but money sent will be refunded if you are not satisfied. Only the successful biders will be notified. G. Lindman, Grasberg, Sweden.—Mem-ber AAMS nr. 227.

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U. S. A.El Salvador; Mexico-El Salvador; Guatema Mexico-Honduras; Guatemala-Honduras; San Salvador-H	
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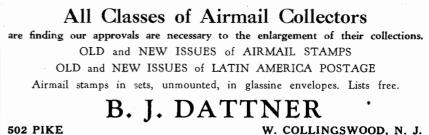
Want: Accident covers, any country. Sub-stantiating clippings, documents or photos if pos-sible. Cash or exchange. H. York, care this

Another new Airpost paper has appeared in Mexico under the name of "El Correo Aereo". Quite a few airpost Airpost publications have made their appearance lately, and we shall probably see others in due time. Frankly we believe that

what is needed is quality rather than quantity. There will always be a place quantity. There will always be a place for a high-grade magazine, but to produce one requires more than a desire to express ones self. A large proportion of new ventures drop by the wayside simply because they are not thoroughly equipped to succeed.

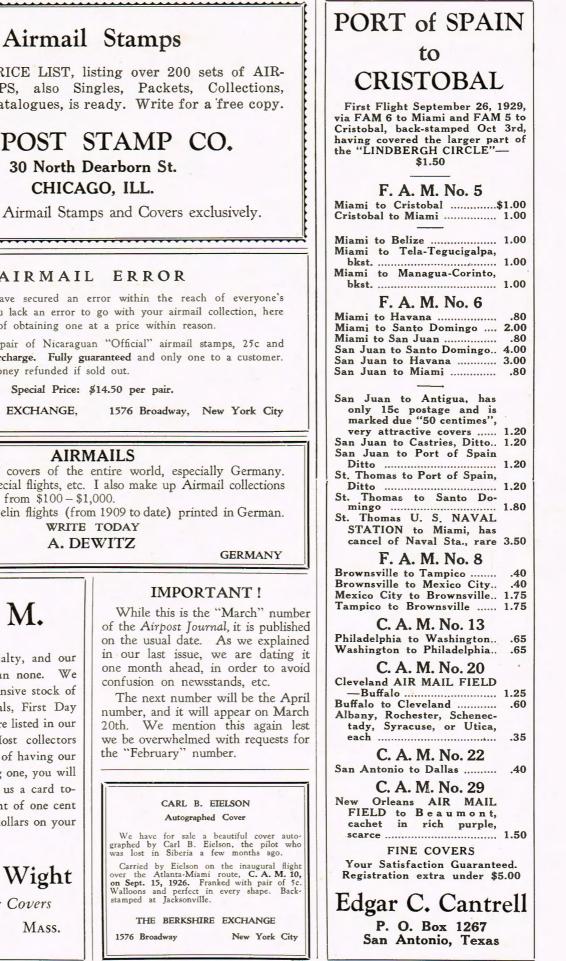
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Price list of Zeppelin flights (from 1909 to date) printed in German.

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In writing advertisers, please mention the "Airpost Journal"

## On the Press-At Last!

The New World Edition of the Standard Airpost Catalogue is now on the Press, and will be completed as rapidly as our printers can handle it. We regret the delay, but the vast amount of painstaking work necessary to compile an accurate and complete World Edition, is far greater than most collectors will ever realize. Moreover, no Airpost Catalogue ever published in any language, has ever covered the field of Aero Philately so thoroughly.

In spite of the fact that we greatly underestimated the labor involved in producing this important volume, and although the Catalogue will probably run to nearly 500 pages, instead of the 275 pages originally estimated, we offer it at the original price of \$1.75 cloth bound. Last year, our 1929 edition was sold out within three months. A larger number of Catalogues will be printed this year, but a greatly increased demand for it from England and other European countries, makes an early order advisable.

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