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## * * *

All groups, including air stamps are represented by the best and most wanted pieces, and, all in all, this little sale is by far the most interesting of any I've offered thus far.

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# THE <br> AIRPOST JOURNAL 

Land Mail Sea Mail Air Mail

What is this thing called "Air Mails"? Certainly every Philatelist who takes a stamp paper has seen enough printed about air mails to have gained some sort of an impression of it. Whether that impression is accurate or not, is another question, for so much has been written about it and the hobby is so new, that if one were to judge air mails simply by the material printed under its name, any stamp collector might be pardoned for thinking that Aerophilately was a hobby for little boys and girls and those of undeveloped mentality.

Such is probably the impression that many Philatelists have gained of this modern hobby, and we will admit that if air mail collecting really did include all of the phases that are daily linked with it, by its overenthusiastic adherents, we would be forced to agree, more or less, with this opinion.

However, the real hobby of Aerophilately is something else again. Its foundation and principles spring from the same source that gave us postage stamp collecting, and the basis of Aerophilatelic values is exactly the same as the standards by which Philatelic values are judged.

Consider the two hobbies side by side. Philately is the hobby of collecting material which illustrates and records postal history. Aerophilately is exactly the same, but it begins with the ONLY REVOLUTIONARY DEVELOPMENT THAT HAS EVER OCCURED IN POSTAL HISTORY, namely the delivery of mail through the air. Philately deals with Land and Sea Mail, Aerophilately with Air Mail. Is one any more important than the other? A question that is easily answered. For 80 years, Land and Sea Mail has been of far greater importance, and even at present, the great proportion of first class mail is still carried on land and sea, but 25 years hence, and perhaps in less time than that, ALL MAIL WILL BE CARRIED THROUGH THE AIR, with the exception of local correspondence. When that time comes, and it is certainly coming, the relative position of Philately and Aerophilately in the past 80 years, will be exactly reversed!

For 80 years we have hauled mail laboriously on land and sea, on horseback, afoot, by stagecoach, steamboat and railroad train, but the day when all of these means of transportation will be obsolete, and abandoned, is not far distant. Nor is it as far distant as many of us suppose.

Just what is the significance of this? Just what position will Aerophilately attain among collectors when all inter-city, inter-state, and inter-national mail is AIR MAIL, and when 90 per cent or more, of all stamps issued throughout the world, are AIR MAIL STAMPS? Such is not merely a possibility, it is a certainty. It might even be logical to assume that when all mail is carried by air, postage stamps, as we know them today,
will no longer be issued, for all stamps will be air mail stamps, as a matter of course. Whatever postage stamps are still issued, a few decades hence, will be for use on purely local mail, and as such mail will be in the great minority, it is very probable that postal fees on this class of mail will be collected by some other means, under the supervision of local officials in each city.

The aeroplane has revolutionized postal operations, but there is nothing revolutionary about air mail collecting. It is the natural expression of an age that knows Progress. As far as air mail stamps are concerned, PHILATELY WILL BECOME AEROPHILATELY, and the First Flight air mail covers and air mail stamps that are comparatively easy to find today, will become the classics of tomorrow, for they represent the pioneer steps in a new era of Postal development.

In short, Ladies and Gentlemen, Aerophilately is most certainly here to stay and grow, as no other hobby has ever grown before. The strides that Aerophilately has made in the past few years, will be nothing to what will be made within the next five.

A year ago, the demand for a mint Hawker stamp greatly exceeded the demand for a flown cover, simply because the former was desired by stamp collectors, while the demand for the latter came largely from air mail collectors, who were of course, decidedly in the minority. The result was that the mint stamp brought at least twice as much as the flown cover. But now' times are changing, and within the past few weeks a flown Hawker cover was sold for $\$ 1400.00$, which is at least as high as the record figure for a mint stamp, if not somewhat higher.

Aerophilately is not a passing phase, nor is it simply a branch of Philately. It is the Philately of a coming generation. It will be the only form of stamp collecting that the "youngsters" of 1970 will know. Collectors in 1970, who subscribe to a new issue service will enjoy the same pleasure of examining the latest issues, but the stamps they receive will be air mail stamps. In 1970, collectors who lean toward the classics will attempt to reconstruct the romantic early history of air mail delivery, and junior collectors will experience the same old thrill in finding a new stamp on a letter from Samoa, but the stamp will be an air mail stamp and the letter will have been "flown" across the Pacific Ocean.

To return to where we started, just what is Aerophilately, and what constitutes an airpost item?

Aerophilately recognizes two types of air mail stamps, Official and Semi-Official. The first term needs no elaboration. By the second is meant, an air mail stamp, issued by a private company which has been authorized to carry official Government air mail. The latter stamps must be authorized and recognized by the postal authorities, and their use must be obligatory on the air mail carried. There are not many of these stamps. The
semi-official stamps of Columbia have been termed offlcial by several European Cataloguers, but that is an error. They are the semi-official air mail stamps of Aerophilately. Similar stamps, worthy of equal rank with the Colombian issues, are the half dozen issues of French Guiana of 1921, Canada and a few others of recent times, and the pioneer air mail stamps of Switzerland, Germany, and a few other countries of Europe, issued from 1911 to 1913. The United State's Government does not operate any air mail routes. They are flown by private companies who are under contract with the Government and they are reimbursed according to the poundage carried. The system in operation in Colombia and Canada is exactly the same, except that the contractors are permitted by the postal authorities to issue their own stamps, and their fees are collected by this means. The semi-official air mail stamps of Canada are far more legitimate than many stamps now catalogued and collected by philatelists, for they perform a real postal need, they are authorized by the Government, and they are sold over the counter at Government Post Offices. The time is near at hand when the real significance of these semi-official air mail stamps will be universally recognized, and as supplies are very limited, the result is not difficult to anticipate.
Airpost covers come under just one classification, Official first flight covers. Aerophilately has nothing to do with privately engineered covers and cachets, any more than Philately would recognize a privately printed
postage stamp, which performed no postal duty, even though it was sanctioned by the National Chamber of Commerce. True, there are a number of collectors whe gather these private covers, under the assumption tha as they have cachets on them, they must be air mai: covers. But as the hobby develops their numbers are dwindling, and eventually the private made-toorder covers that are common today, will disappear like the Dodo bird. While the privately made airpost cover has been epidemic in the United States for the past two years, it has never gained a foothold in Europe, and in consequence, air mail collecting in Europe is on a far higher scale than in this Country, at least that is true just now.
However, this need not bother the collector, possessed of Philatelic knowledge and average discretion. The opportunities which sound Aerophilately offers for intelligent research and collecting from a historical standpoint, cannot be exaggerated. There are literally hundreds of virgin fields open to collectors who have imagination, and who may be just a bit "fed up" with doing the same thing that thousands of collectors before them have done, over and over again. Aerophilately has prospered from the beginning because it attracted only those who were better able to grasp its significance in relation to future postal history. Those who are endowed with this ability to see further than their fellow collectors, will find themselves in an enviable position a few years hence, and what is probably more important, they will enjoy themselves thoroughly in the meantime.

## Members of The American Air Mail Society!

IN the near future members of the A. A. M. S. will have an opportunity to select the official organ of the society for the coming year.

The editors of the AIRPOST JOURNAL take pleasure in offering this mag. azine for your consideration in this capacity. We intend to conduct no socalled 'campaign' to gain your favorable consideration, except to assure members that the best interests of the hobby and the society will always be served to the best of our ability, and full cooperation may be expected from us in any cause, which will raise the standard of Aerophilately in America.

We trust that we may have the pleasure of working with you, and for you, during the coming year.

> H. Y.--A.A.M.S. \#126.

## REVIEWS

## AVIATION ATLAS

A very interesting booklet of 16 large size pages on the progress of aviation has just been published. Containing maps, statistical charts, photos, it should prove of interest to all collectors and students of aviation.

Looking at the photographs of the early ships, both lighterthan-air and heavier than air, we wonder that inen risked their necks in them. The evolution of each type is portrayed by pictures, as well as photos of the men who designed and flew them.
In addition, there is a complete chronological review of aviation history and maps showing the routes of the world as well as one giving the routes of the historical flights.

This booklet may be secured from Mr. John Arnosti whose advertisement appears elsewhere.

T$\lceil$ HE search for pilot Maurice Graham which has lasted since January, has ended at last. Late in June a sheepherder discovered the wreck of the Western Air Express airmail plane, in which Graham had flown from Las Vegas on the night of January 10th. The mail was intact but the pilot had disappeared.

On July 16 , a searching party found the body of pilot Graham, six miles from his wrecked plane and 22 miles southeast of Cedar City, Utah. Identification was made through personal cards, his revolver and foodstuffs taken from the plane. Pilot Graham appar, ently died of exposure as he sat down to eat.

Graham had been a war flyer and then flew 180,000 miles over the Los AngelesSalt Lake City route. As a war pilot he dropped provisions for the "Lost Battalion," flying through a storm of
enemy fire, which took the life of his observer. He brought down one bal. loon and received two citations.

Journal readers will recall that Graham's photograph was published in the July number, along with one of the few lst flight covers that Graham ever autographed.

## UNCLE SAM TO COLLECT AIR MAILS

Linn's Weekly reports that the Gov ernment will form a collection showing the growth and development of the air mail service, by sending some 3000 pieces of data, to be added to the collection already housed in the Smith. sonian Institute.

## The New Zealand Pigeon Post 1897 <br> By H. York

IN 1897, a unique service was inaugurated between New Zealand and the Great Barrier Islands. It was a private enterprise, but sanctioned by the Postal Department of New Zealand.
The Great Barrier Islands lie 85 miles off Aukland, New Zealand, and as the Postal facilities available at that time were haphazard and uncertain, a company was formed to transmit mail by pigeons, from the mainland to the Island. No flights were attempted in the other direction. The service proved to be sufficiently successful to justify the issuance of a special stamp, with a face value of 1 shilling, which ap peared in November, 1898. Two printings were made of this stamp,

the first on thick paper in sheets of 4 stamps, the second on slightly thinner paper, in sheets of 18. A total of 1800 stamps comprised the two printings, of which number 300 were used on pigeongrams.
From the above figures it may be surmised readily that genuine used copies are more difficult to find than unused copies of these stamps. Unused, the stamp is quoted at $\$ 7$. but in used condition is worth considerably more. Very few are known on the original letter or pigeongram.
The paper used for the pigeon letters was an extremely fragile paper, in fact so delicate that unless great care was used in writing upon it, the point of the pen or pencil was very likely to tear it to pieces. A special form of cancellation was used on all of the mail carried, which may be found in violet, blue, or black, in two lines or circular in form.
Apparently the first stamp was not entirely satisfactory, for in January a second stamp appeared, which

was similar in its central design, but had a very omate border. The second stamp was a greenish blue in color, printed in sheets of 24 , and has


PIGEON LOFT AT AUCKLAND, NEW. ZEALAND, IN 1899
about the same value as the first issue.
The second stamp had been in use but a few weeks when the New Zealand Postal authorities made objection to the words "Special Post" which appeared just below the center of the stamp. Accordingly, in May all remaining supplies were overprinted "Pigeongram" directly over these words. The actual number thus overprinted was 960 , but specimens are rarely found and they are valued at $\$ 35$. unused, and possibly double that used.
In August the new overprint was incorporated in a new stamp of the same design, of which 12,000 copies were printed. This was exactly like the previous one except that the inscription "Pigeongram" was substituted in the original plate for the objectionable "Pigeon Post", and the stamp was printed in blue-green on a yellow-brown paper, instead of the blue paper formerly used.
All of the stamps mentioned were issued by the "Original Great Barrier Pigeongram Service", but in 1899 a rival company under the name of, "The Great Barrier Pigeongram Agency" entered the field.
After carrying messages for some months, they also printed their own stamps. At first only one message was carried by a pigeon, and the charge was 2 shillings per letter, but it was soon found possible to give 4 messages to each pigeon, and the
rates were therefore reduced to 6 pence for messages carried from the mainland to the Island. Later the service was extended to include return flights from the Island, for which a charge of 1 shilling was made.
The stamps issued by the second company were triangular in form,

following the suggestion made by the Postal authorities, who felt that a triangular stamp would be readily distinguished from the official Government stamps. A Mr. Wiggs who was employed in the Department of Public Works, designed the stamps, and gave instructions to the Lithographing Co . to reduce them to $2 / 3$ of their original size. For some reason this was not done, and the pigeons were forced to carry stamps which weighed as much as the letters themselves. This company also issued a special letter form, bearing the Royal Coat of Arms, in recognition of the patronage given the service by the Governor of New Zealand, Lord
(Continued on pg. 12)


# AIRMAIL IN COLOMBIA 

By R. B. Preston

COLOMBIA, still the land of the dugout canoe, the pack mule, and even pack ox, is also the possessor of one of the most highly developed air services in the world. With the coming of the airplane came a thirst for progress.

As early as 1918 steps were taken to operate airmail lines in Colombia. The first trial flight to go down in philatelic history was from Barranquilla to Savanilla, or as it is now commonly called Puerto Colombia. This is recorded; never to be forgotten as long as stamp collecting continues; in Colombia's one and only airmail stamp. As only 200 of these stamps were overprinted, this is one of the worlds rarest airmail stamps.
This service was doomed to failure from the start. The two towns are but $171 / 2$ miles apart and served by train twice daily. The interior cried for air service. Where the towering Andes lay across the country like a mighty talon; or the steaming jungles of the coast prevented travel; air service only could give quick transportation: The vital need of connecting the cities of the interior with one another, and with the coast, and thus with the world could not long be ignored. So in 1920 we find a company formed to carry passengers and mail from the coast to the interior.

This, The Compania Colombiana de Navegacion Aera, was of short life. Organized by French interests, its first endeavors were along the coast, between Barranquilla and Cartagena, points connected by railroad and served by steamer service. Small capital, poor management, scanty equipment, and meager attention from the public who were interested in getting to Bogota quickly spelled ruin. A few trial flights from the coastal terminus to Puerto Berrio and Medellin were made and mail was carried. It is pretty well agreed that no mark distinguishes these covers as first flight; if any covers even exist.


ONE OF THE SERIES
A series of stamps were issued by this organization, now commonly refered to as "the French Company". These were used on the few letters carried between Cartagena and Barranquilla, and on the few runs made
up the river to Puertp Berrio. They are almost unobtainable now on authenic flown covers.
The latter part of 1920 saw the passing of the "French Company" and the concession passed into the hands of the present operators. The new company, backed by sufficient Colombian capital and operated by skilled German airmen was a success from the start. These men have made the name Sociedad Colombo Alemana de Transportes Aereos, or SCADTA for short, a household word through Columbia. Their planes soon soared over the jungle bordered Magdalina, for 700 miles with clocklike regularity.


## THE FIRST SCADTA

Today Colombia maintains one of the best organized and most efficient air services in the world. The seaplanes used by the Scadta Airways System incorporate the latest design and finest workmanship made in seaplane manufacture. They are all-metal planes specifically built to withstand any influences of the tropical climate, and therefore, offer comfort, rapidity and dependability of service. The aviators are skilled pilots who have had many years' experience in commercial flying in the tropics, preceeded by a thorough training in recognized flying schools. Before commencing any flight, all planes are subjected to rigid inspections. Speed and speed alone has never had a great appeal to the Scadta Airways System, and from the outset the Company has regarded safety, comfort and reliability of the utmost importance. In fact the air service in Colombia is looked upon in exactly the manner in which we regard any large railroad in the United States.

The air traveler enjoys the cool and refreshing breezes, a luxury indeed in tropical countries, which are denied when traveling by means of terrestrial carriers. If he is enchanted by the beauty of nature, he will view indescribable and picturesque scenes with towering mountains looming on both sides as he flies along the Magdalena Valley at à altitude of approximately 4000 feet. Below, the winding, browish waters assume the
appearance of a small river, which in reality is absolutely safe for landings at any point.

As soon as Barranquilla is left behind, abundant tropical scenery emerges. Along the banks of the river, the thatched huts of natives appear like toy houses on each side of a tiny street, which soon dwindles into a mule path and disappears in the jungles. The villages are surrounded by clusters of cocoanut palms, banana trees and neat looking pineapple plantations.

The Scadta Company has spared no efforts in building up a model air mail organization which is operating in close contact with the schedule of incoming and outgoing planes. The Colombian Government has granted this company the privilege of cancelling the air mail and ordinary postage and a staff of trained employees assort, distribute and re-despatch the incoming mail.

Unfortunately I cannot give the actual dates that all the various lines were opened, but the principal ones were started in late 1920 or early 1921. The early lines were between the following points:
BARRANQUILLA to CARTAGENA
BARRANQUILLA to PUERTO BERRIO (toMedellin) BUCARAMANGA to PUERTO WILCHES PUERTO BERRIO to GIRARDOT (to Bogota) GIRARDOT to NEIVA

The service prospered from the start. Mail from the coast to Bogota was now delivered in two days where before by the ordinary means it had taken from three to six weeks. Passengers clamored for tickets so that it was necessary to book reservations weeks ahead. The wonderful growth is shown by the following figures:

|  | Passengers <br> carried | Miles flown | Pounds mail <br> carried <br> 12020 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1928 | 12 | 2,750 | 11000 |

*This figure is for 1921 as almost no mail was carried during the short time operating in 1920.
The figures for 1929 are not as yet given out but the number of passengers carried and pounds of mail was considerably greater for last year.
From 1920 until 1928 no extensions or new lines seem to have been made by SCADTA. In 1924 an attempt was made to operate an air line from MEDELLIN over the Andes to CALI, in the Cauca valley; by a company under the name of "Society Lineas Aereas del Cauca". The venture was subsidised by the Colombian Government, and with the money so obtained one plane was purchased.


After a number of attempts the first flight was made on May 23, 1924 with a mail consisting of 42 letters bearing the above pictured cancellation. The plane crashed and the line was never put into operation.

In 1925 survey flights were made out of Colombia by SCADTA planes; as the present day use of aircraft for mail, passenger, and freight transport was forseen. On June 27, 1925 a flight from BARRANQUILLA to MARACAIBO, Venzuela was made. Mail was carried and cacheted, probably the first cachet used by SCADTA.

It might be of interest to note that a SCADTA plane is recorded as being in Curacao on April 8th
of this same year, and having flown mail on that date to La Guayra, Venezuela. The possibility of connecting Colombia, Venezuela, and Curacao has evidently always been of interest to SCADTA as later on we again find planes in this vicinity.


On August 10th two SCADTA planes left Barran quilla for survey flights to the Canal Zone and Central America. The flight was supposed to go as far as Havana, but I am not sure that they actually got beyond Belize. This trip lasted from August 10th until September 19th. The planes arrived in the following ports: CRISTOBAL on August 12th, PUERTO LIMON on August 15th, MANAGUA on August 17th, AMPALA on August 20th, GUATEMALA on August 22nd, and BELIZE probably the 24th.

Both of these flights carried cacheted mail, covers are now very hard to find and practically impossible to purchase. They have been, in the past listed at very low prices in European catalogues; but it has been impossible to purchase them at any figure.

It would be interesting to know why these lines were never opened by SCADTA. Possibly they felt that the returns could not be guaranteed sufficient to warrant the necessary investment in equipment. It must be remembered that the present operating companies over this line have the advantage of a mail contract from Uncle Sam, which SCADTA probably would not have gotten.
In 1928, when it became known that airlines would be extended from the states to South America, SCADTA proceeded to extend her own lines to cope with the coming competetion. Extensions were opened from CARTAGENA to BUENAVENTURA on the Pacific with stops at SAUTATA and QUIBDO. These openings were not advertised, and no cachet was applied to the mail carried on the opening flight.

This route covers one of the most inaccessable portions of Colombia. A vast jungle, infested with all kinds of tropical reptiles and over-run by Indians of every degree of so called civilization. Along the coast the people are nearly all blacks and mulattoes; most of Jamaican descent, while some are supposed to be descended from pirates and their negro women.
From Buenaventura, the line was soon extended down the coast to Guayaquil, Ecuador. On June 10, 1928 mail was carried over this route from BARRAN, QUILLA to GUAYAQUIL, and cacheted.

## PRIMER CORREO AEREO INTERNACIONAL COLOMBIA - ECUADOR

This line skirts the coast which is as wild a part of South America as can be found, except perhaps near the head waters of the Amazon. It is entirely unsettled, and unexplored; inhabited along the coast by negroes and mulattoes, who if not near the tiny settlements have degenerated into African barbarism, leading a life as near to that of savages as can be imagined. The interior contains Indians reputed to be cannibals.

The line was further extended on October 20th and cacheted mail was carried as far as Peru. Mail is now exchanged with the services in Peru, and unlike the service from the States a Peruvian airmail stamp franks a letter over the SCADTA lines.

To speed up the mail to and from the States, SCADTA, on April 3, 1929 opened a bi-weekly service from BARRANQUILLA, and CARTAGENA to PANAMA. Mail on the first flight was cacheted. This service allowed letters to catch the faster boats passing through the Canal for New York and Europe.


SCADTA MAIL PLANE ABOUT TO TAKE OFF
Since the opening of the airmail service the end of the run from the coast had always been Girardot on the Madgalena River, because hydroplanes were used for landing on the river. This required an extra day to take the mail by rail the 180 kilometers to Bogota. On July 22, 1929 a new service was opened with airplanes
from GIRARDOT to BOGOTA. This is considered a rather difficult flight due to the air pockets and the fact that Bogota is situated on a plateau 8600 feet above the sea. The planes must make a steady climb for altitude from the time they leave Girardot until they get over the peaks at Facatativa about 12,000 feet high.

This service was opened without notice being given out of its proposed opening. One small sack of mail from the Cartagena office, and from New York was taken out of the regular mail and transported to Bogota by air. Covers were cacheted. But eight covers could

## PRIMER CORREO AEREO BOGOTA - IBAGUE

## TYPE OF CACHET USED

be found in Bogota that were being saved for collectors from this first mail. Some of these were pretty badly damaged in opening. This cover will probably become one of the rare first flight covers of 1929 !

For the return flight, on the 23 rd , a notice was put up in the airmail office about two hours before the mail closed. A small number of covers were carried but none for dealers so few will reach the albums of collectors. The cachet was the same as the "up" flight of the day before with the position of the town names changed.

On the 31st of July a survey flight was made from BOGOTA to CALI and it was announced in the morning papers. Three small sacks of mail were carried but most of it was newspapers sent to Cali by the Tiempo a Bogota paper. Few covers will come down to collectors. The same form of cachet as Girardot - Bogota was used. There was no return flight.

1st Flight Bogota - Ibague, October 23, 1929
Same form of Cachet as before applied in blue black from Bogota and light blue from Ibague. Flight announced by poster in the SCADTA office day the plane left. Only 150 covers carried each way, of which about 100 were saved for collectors. Return flight made same day as out flight.

1st Flight Bogota - Buga, December 23, 1929
Survey flight made with no notice to the public. As the authority to make the survey was only given three hours before the plane left there was not sufficient time to make up a regular cachet. A cachet was made up of movable rubber type in the SCADTA office. This was broken up as soon as the mail closed.

Mail postmarked Bogota " 21 XII 1929" and backstamped Buga same day. Return flight postmarked Buga "22 XII 1929" in blue. About 150 covers carried, all saved for collectors.

1st Flight BOBOTA - ARMENIA, December 23, 1929
The plane for Buga also carried a sack of mail dropped off at Armenia. 150 covers carried, all of which bear the Armenia receiving cachet "23 XI 1929". The mail was evidently not backstamped until the following Monday (the 23rd) and in dating the stamp the error of the month was made. There are no return covers. Same form of cachet as for Buga but the " $A$ " of Aereo is an inverted " $V$ ".

A short feeder line has been mentioned, which is of interest. This is from Puerto Wilches on the Magdalena river to Bucaramanga, with connections to Cucuta. Bucaramanga is in the department of Santander where special tax stamps must be used on all airmail in addition
(Continued on page 14)


## Balloon Card of 1903

The special card shown above was carried from Manchester, England by balloon, on August 29th, 1903. This pioneer balloon post was organized by the National Lifeboat Institution, and is no. 1 in the Standard Airpost Catalogue.
Specimen cards are very rare and as far as we know the card illustrated is the only specimen that has found it's way to America. This specimen is from the 'Hatch' collection, which will be sold at auction this Fall in New York, by the Berkshire Exchange.

| AIRPOSTS AT AUCTION |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Times Square - June 6, 1930 | Cat. | Brt. |
| *ALAOUITES, 1929, Op 50 yellow green double surcharge |  | 3.00 |
| airplane inverted..... |  | 12.00 |
| "6 1929, 15-25p. ultramarine, airplane invert |  | 5.00 |
| HILE, 1928, 3-5p. deep blue....................................... (15) | 12.50 | 10.25 |
| " 1928, 6-10p deep blue................................... (16) | 28.00 | 22.00 |
| *COLOMBLA REP., 1919, 2c carmine rose..................... (1) | 350.00 | 540.00 |
| *CURACAO, 1929, set of 3............................................ (1) | 11.00 | 5.35 |
| *ECUADOR, 1929, 2c-10s cpl....................................... (1-8) | 20.71 | 12.00 |
| *FR. MOROCCO, 1922,................................................. (1-3) | 5.62 | 5.85 |
| *HONDURAS, 20c-50c vermilion, imperforate pair in hotiz. strip of four. |  | 75.00 |
| 1930, "5c-10c blue, " 1903 "' instead of |  | 7.60 |
| 1930, $5 c-10 c$ blue, block of four with ' 1930 " inverted |  | 7.60 |
| LITHUANIA, 1926, 60c blue and black, center inverted block of four. $\qquad$ (44a) | 54.00 | 30.00 |
| *MEXICO, 1927 50c blue and red brown......................... (1) | 10.00 | 8.10 |
| 6 1929, 40c Aviation Week............................. (34) | 10.00 | 6.30 |
| ${ }^{6}$ 1929, Postal Congress Set, 2c-40c........... (21-27) |  | 37.00 |
| *NICARAGUA, 1929, 25c orange with sur. inverted |  | 4.60 |
| " ${ }^{\text {c }}$ 1929, 25c with double sur |  | 4.60 |
| 1929, 50c blue, invert......... |  | 6.00 |
| NAMA, 1929, $25 \mathrm{c}-10 \mathrm{c}$ orange, invert..................... (3) | 20.00 | 25.00 |
| *PHILIPPINES, 1926, 4c carmine, invert......................... (2a) | 120.00 | 85.00 |
| "s 1926, 10p deep green, str. edge........... (14) | 85.00 | 51.00 |
| "6 1928, L. O. F. set............................ (17-27) | 17.93 | 10.00 |
| \#SIAM, 1925, 2s to 1b cpl.......................................... (1-8) | 10.43 | 8.50 |
| *SYRIA, 1929, Op50 yel. green,double surcharge |  | 2.60 |
| 1929, 1pi magenta, invert.......... |  | 5.00 |
| " 1929, 25 p pi ultramarine,... |  | 7.60 |
| *URUGUAY, 1921, thre values complete........................ (1-3) | 9.05 | 7.00 |
| 1925, 14c blue, both stamps.................... (7-8) | 20.00 | 9.80 |



## MISS RUTH LAW AND HER PLANE

## The First Air Mail Flight In The Philippines

From the Manila Times, Friday, April 4, 1919
The bureau of posts under the direction of director Jose Topacio this morning erected a postal station in front of the Manila hotel. There will be four girls posted there to sell postal cards, about 5,000 of which have been especially prepared by the Aero Club for the ocassion, and regular two centavo postage stamps.
When Miss Law goes up, either for the first time at five or on her second flight at six, she will carry a mail bag with all of these special post cards which have been purchased at thirty centavos each and mailed at the temporary office. She will then demonstrate the feasibility of utilizing áeroplanes in the Philippine mail service by dropping the pouch on the roof of the Manila hotel as if at some small town which it would be impractical for an aerial mail-carrier to alight in.
The letters will be taken in the post office, cancelled with a special stamp, reading "Aerial Mail Service, Bureau of Posts, Philippine Islands. Miss Ruth Law." They will then be distributed to the persons addressed through the regular channels.

## Manila Times - Saturday, April 5, 1919

This afternoon Miss Law will carry a mail bag again in her second aeroplane flight at six o'clock and drop it on the Manila hotel. roof garden as yesterday after, noon. Because the great interest aroused among the public, Director Topacio expects to sell post cards to the values of an even P1,000 today, as the cards have been placed on sale at the post office and on the Escolta whereas yesterday the sale was made only at the Luneta. Although Miss Law can carry only one bag at a time, her machine being only for exhibition, it is understood that she will have to carry a pretty heavy bag.
According to director of posts, Jose Topacio, 1,200 post cards were carried in the mail bag which Miss Law dropped on the Manila hotel roof garden yesterday afternoon when she lowered her machine to within but twenty feet of the building. When the contents were opened by the postal authorities, none of them were injured; and according to Director Topacio, there is no danger of any other piece of mail matter getting broken, torn or in any other way injured because of the mail bag being dropped from a height, seeing that now practically all bags are much thrown about.

## THE <br> AirpostJournal

Published at 108 State St., New Haven, Conn., U. S. A. by H. York.

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6 inches; at least 1 in. each issue, $\$ 1.00$ per. in. 30 inches, at least 3 in. eacb issue., 95 per. in. 60 inches, at least 6 in. eacb issue, 90 per in. 90 inches, at least 9 in. each issue, .85 per in. 120 inches, at least 12 in . each issue, .80 per in.
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The publisher reserves the right to decline any advertisement submitted, at his own discretion.

Address all communications to: The AIRPOST JOURNAL, 108 State St., New Haven, Conn., U. S. A.

[^0]
## MR. GLOVER STATES:

"Advertisements will shortly be issued by Postmaster General Brown, for a line to give service from Paramaribo to Sao Paulo and Rio de Janeiro, Brazil. When this service is awarded, it is hoped that it will be in operation by early fall, the United States Postoffice Department will have air mail lines practically sur, rounding South America from a point East from Santiago, Chile, to Buenos Aires, Argentina. Service will also be in operation in all the Central American countries, Mexico, Cuba, Jamaica, Puerto Rico and the islands in the Carribean Sea.
"The growth of the service to South America has been most rapid, and the calls that are made upon it are most unusual. It is readily seen how this fast service is being used to a large extent by business concerns of the United States. Just recently, a point in case was called to my attention. A smallpox epidemic hit Costa Rica. Pres ident Ernesto Quiros Aguilar, having in mind the protection of the health of his people, used this most modern means of transportation to bring smallpox vaccine points to his country. An order reached a medical house in Indianapolis on a Saturday afternoon. A shipment was made by air mail that same afternoon. It flew 183 miles to Chicago, thence to Atlanta, to Miami, to Puntarenas, Costa Rica. The postage amounted to $\$ 851.20$ on this shipment and was received at Puntarenas in five days.
"Emergency shipments of mining machinery parts are becoming quite frequent. From an Ohio city a short time ago an important piece of mining machinery was sent to Chile, with postage thereon amounting to $\$ 580$. This seems like a large amount for a piece of machinery, but it was nothing in comparison to the cost of having the entire plant at this particular mine shut down for days, meaning a loss running into the thousands of dollars.
"The United States is in the forefront of air mail development in Central and South America. From now on this service will be improved. Increased frequency will be given the West coast route to Santiago, Ohio, and to Buenos Aires, Argentina. With the inauguration
of the flight from Havana to Puerto Cabazas, Nicaragua, which leg of the route was flown by Colonel Lindbergh, time to the Canal Zone has been greatly shortened.'
FIRST COMPLETE
CANADIAN AIR MAIL CATALOG
1918-1928
A DECADE OF DARING!
Everything is included. Stamps and
Covers, Official, Semi-Official, and Special
Events earliest attempts to regular Ser-
vices. A Book of nearly 60 pages, with
dozens of illustrations, with copies of
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Write for free copies.
FRANCIS J. FIELD, Ltd.
Sutton Coldfield,
England


## CHICAGO ANCTION

September 25, 1930
A fine Airmail Collection including many varieties in singles and blocks of four.
Over fifty F. A. M. point to point covers including some unique pieces.

Costa Rica cover with autograph of Col. Charles A. Lindbergh.

All ailmail lots will be on exhibition at the American Air Mail Society Convention in Cleveland, Ohio, on August 27, 28, 29 th.

Write for catalogue.

## C. D. REIMERS CO., Inc.

30 No. La Salle St.,
-:-
Chicago, Ills.

## "WOP MAY" WINS McKEE

TROPHY IN AIR SERVICE
W. R. "Wop" May, intrepid flier of Edmonton, Alta. is 1929 winner of the McKee trophy, awarded annually to the pilot who renders the most meritorious service to the advancement of Aviation in Canada. Last years winner, for 1928, was C. H. "Punch" Dickins the wellknown pilot of the Western Canada Airways.

In addition to performing pioneering work over Western Canada air mail routes during 1929, "Wop" May made several sensational flights on errands of mercy.

On January 1st of that Year he flew an open aircraft from Edmonton to Fort Vermilion, in stormy weather, to carry diphtheria antitoxin for the Alberta Department of Health, which was engaged in fighting an epidemic there. A month later he made a flight for a similar purpose to Westlock, Alberta, other means of transport being absolutely at a standstill, and in March another flight was made under difficult conditions for the same purpose.

Further flights on similar errands were made by him to Alberta Beach from Edmonton, carrying a tank of oxygen for a patient desperately ill with pneumonia; to Carcajou to bring out to Edmonton for medical attention a mental. ly-deranged woman, her new-born baby and a Doctor; to Keg River for a similiar purpose, and to Vegreville to bring out a patient suffering from a broken back.

During the month of December, May flew almost 5,000 miles over the Mackenzie River air mail route between McMurray and Aklavik. He was responsible for the organization and supervision of the first air mail service under contract with the Post Office Department, for the conveyance of mail from McMurray north to the scattered settlements, reaching as far as the Arctic Ocean.

No aircraft had ever been previously flown to the Arctic Coast during the Winter.

## MONTHLY AIR MAIL

is my regular price list. No. 1 came out May 1st, 1930. Subscription 50c per year (to April 1931you get all back numbers, of course).

In addition, I run a special FLASH LIST, as the good stuff comes along. This costs another 50c per year (also to April 1931).
Send me a dollar bill with your name and address. You will not be sorry!

> JOHN S. DAVIS
> 71 rodney street
> LIVERPOOL,
> ENGLAND

Mr. Hatch, whose collection will be sold at auction this Fall by the Berkshire Exchange, has not collected Airposts for a dozen years or more. The last cover which he added to his collection was acquired along in 1918, and the first cover was obtained in 1912. When Harry Jones flew the first Parcel Post from New London to New Haven in 1913, Mr. Hatch saw the advance notice of the flight in the New Haven Post Office and decided to mail a few covers to friends. He mailed 8 covers, each of which was addressed to correspondents in different Countries, and these 8 covers are the only survivers of the mail which Pilot Jones subsequently carried with him. In other words, if it had not been for Mr. Hatch's foresight no covers of this flight would have been available today.

The plane landed on Yale Field in a sea of mud, the first plane ever to land in New Haven, and the Pilot drove to the City, delivering a letter to Mayor Rice.

Of the 8 covers of this flight which have survived, not over three collectors in this Country own one; one cover was sold in the Steinmetz sale last year (to ye Ed.) I believe Mr. Truby has one and the location of the third is uncertain, but it could probably be found in the present Stevens collection. All of the covers were autographed by the pilot.

## NEW CANADIAN AIR MAIL STAMPS PERHAPS?

Although Canada is shortly to have a new issue of postage stamps, the air mail collectors appear to be obliged to await the issue of another air mail stamp. The following letter received on April 30th from an Official in the Department reads in part:
"In reply I have to say that it is improbable that there will be a new air mail stamp in the near future as the Department has on hand a very large stock of the old stamps which were not called for as rapidly as expected when the issue was put out."

With the amount most of the boys had to spend on "Zeppelin" stamps it will be a welcome respite if Canada holds the new stamp off for a few more months.

CANADIAN AIR MAILS - MINT
Western Canada Airways.............................. . 20 Yukon Airways.
Commercial Airways.......................................................... . 35
Br . Columbia Airways.
Cherry Red Airlinways..................................... . 15
Klondike Airways............................................................................ .2
Write for our Complete Price List of stamps
VICTORIA STAMP CO.
241 Queens Ave., London, 16, Ont. Canada:
OUR S.P.A.
CONVENTION SALE
Worcester, Mass., Aug. 8th
AIRMAIL COVERS
Airmal-over 200 lots fine U.S. Ovei 400 lots British and French Colonies, incl., other choice Foreign in Finest Condition.

Will be shown in New York, New Haven, Hartford, Springfield and Worcester. Catalogue Free.

## M. OHLMAN

116 Nassau St., New York City
> ( Approvals)
> Sets Singles Blocks Airmails a Specialty References Required

IRWIN C. BATSON
3125 Normount Ave., BALTIMORE, MD.

## AIRMAILS at reduced prices

*Argentine No. $501-19$ comp. 9.25
$\star$ Costa Rica, 4 var. 1st set........ 3.45 $\star$ Costa Rica, 4 var. 2nd set.... . 65 $\star$ Guatemala $701-5,5$ var........ 1.00太Honduras, 412, 1929 1st prov. 2.25 $\star$ Paraguay, new prov. 9 var. 3.25 $\star$ Uruguay 6078 , cat. $\$ 18.00,10.50$

> O. H. KeEhn,

589 Marshall St., Milwaukee, Wis.

## BROWNSVILLE AIR MAIL FIELD то <br> PUERTO CABELLO, VENEZUELA

Most collectors failed to cover the Brownsville dispatch (FAM 8) for the first flight to Venezuela - Postmaster says between 150 and 200 covers only. This is a rare iten and we have 13 to offer-limiting one to each collector-
at only $\$ 3.00$
CAM 8, Sept. 15, 1926- CAM 19, May 2, 1928-
SAN FRANCISCO-Seattle.... 80 GREENSBORO-south............ . 80
CAM 18, July 1, 1927- CAM 22, Feb. 6, 1928-
ROCK SPRINGS - east ..........1.35 SAN ANTONIO-Dallas........ . 25
Ask for your free copy of that timely price list of covers, AERO PHILATELIC-it's yours for the asking.

## EDGAR C. CANTRELL

P. O. Box 1267

San Antonio, Texas

## PIGEON POST

(Continued from pg. 5)
Ranfurly, who not only was extremely interested in it, but made frequent use of it himself.
Both companies experienced considerable difficulty in carrying mes sages in more than one direction, which could only be done by having two teams of pigeons, one with quarters on the mainland and the other on the Islands. However, it is very difficult to obtain information about this service, and it is only from fragments, gathered from different sources, that the story can be pieced together.

"TE UIRA" and "VELOCITY"
Two Famous Airmail Pilots of 30 Years Ago
A contemporary advertisement in a local newspaper shows a sketch of two pigeons, one of which is named "Te Virs", the other "Velocity". Below the pigeons is the following notice:

## The Original Great Barrier, Márotiri Copper Syndicate

Port Charles Pigeongram Service
Agencies at Great Barrier:
Whangapara, Mr. A. S. Howe Port Fitzroy, Mr. P. Warren Okupu, Mr. C. Werner Marótiri, Mr. C. Nairu

All messages carried by the above services, 1/ per message.

Birds in above services accepted by Aukland Infantry Battalion No. 1. S. Holden Howie, Proprietor.
Loft: Newton Road, Aukland.
The service to Marotiri Island (also called "Hens and Chickens Islands") was operated by the Cop. per Mines Co., who were working the mines in the Marotiri Archipeligo. From the advertisement reproduced above it is obvious that they were affiliated with the Original Great Barrier Co. and this is borne out by the fact that their first stamp was produced by overprinting the remainders of the May issue of that company, with the word "Marotiri". Only 200 were issued, and copies bring as high as $\$ 40$. and upwards.


## GETTING READY FOR THE TAKE-OFF

This stamp was replaced shortly afterwards by the last of the special pigeon post stamps, a one shilling stamp in red, which is also scarce,

for the Marotiri Pigeon-Mail came to an end shortly afterwards.

While pigeons have been used to carry mail in war, the Great Barrier service is the only known instance of a regular air mail service being operated successfully over a period of years, as it apparently was. It is especially remarkable in view of the fact that very few modern postal systems, doing a tremendous annual business, are able to meet expenses. The fact that the Original Great Barrier Pigeongram service attracted competition, seems to be good evidence that this postal system, at least, managed to pay its own way and have something left in reserve.

Although the New Zealand Government sanctioned this pigeongram service, it became so popular that it was competing successively with the regular postal service which was operated by the Post Office Department, and in 1901 it was stopped by the Government, who contended that it violated the Official Postal monopoly. It was about this time that the first cable was laid between the islands and the mainland, which in all probability, would have terminated the pigeon service just as effectively as the Government decree.
Thus another pioneer institution gives way to the march of progress, but to the collector of Airposts this remarkable pigeongram service still exists in the pages of his album.
The various pigeon stamps used on this service may still be found today, and as they were the first air mail stamps ever issued by any Country, their historical interest is obvious.

Used on the original pigeon letter forms, they are extremely rare, and from a collector's standpoint, exceedingly desirable.

## See me at the APS CONVENTION

For Pioneer Cards
HENRY LACKS
1915 So. Jefferson St. Louis, Mo.

## Announcement

As I shall be in Europe from September, 1930, until September, 1931, I will greatly appreciate a prompt request for any covers you have contemplated ordering. If you have not yet received a copy of our SPECIAL SUMMER SALE price list, you would greatly profit by doing so at once as many unusual BARGAINS are contained therein. I shall be glad to mail approval selections to regular clients until late in August. SALE list which are atems from our SUMMER you list which, am sure, will convince

FAM 5, Cristobal to Managua, Tela, ea. 1.75
5, Managua to Miami, $\$ 8.00$ Tela-
5, Costa Rica.
5, Costa Rica, Miami, 3.00; to Colon to C.
5, Colon to Costa Rica, only............. 75
6, Port of Spain to Miami,........ 1.00
6, St. Kitts to Antigua to Miami, 50.00
8, Matamoros to Mexico City, 2.75
8, Matamoros to Mexico City, 2.7
8, U. S., ea................... Salvador,
9, Buenos Aires to Miami, Only 175
$9, \mathrm{C} . Z$. or Miami to Montevidy 1.75 CAM 1 Hartford NORTH , $\$ 3.00$, 90

3, Tulsa, 25c. Ponca City, 40c. 10, Atlanta, 50c.; Miami, 80c.; Macon, 90.
15, Complete coverage, cat. $32.75 \quad 8.50$
18. Cedar Rapids, 30.; Lincoln 30 ZEPPELIN: Pan American Trip, N. Y. to N. Y., 2.25; Fried. to Fried. 3.00 Permam. to Rio, 75c.; Rio to Seville to Lakehurst, 2.00; Rio to Seville, 2.25; Fried. to Seville, 75; N. Y;, 1.20.
"Los Angeles" to Bermuda, only............ 25c. "Leviathan," first pick up, June 12, 1929, 2.50.
Pensacola Flood (Dworak 117-7, \$45) 9.50
Send For The COMPLETE LIST At Once which gives all these types of covers and many others in detail. Of course we have all the recent first day covers at 5c each and the recent CAM's and many other items at only $10 c$ and 15c. each.
I. shall probably be located in Paris during most of my stay in Europe and, if circum. stances permit, I shall carry on business here and my ads will appear in this maga ine. I wish to take this opportunity to thank all my clients for their patronage and hape to hear from you on my return.

## ROYCE A. WIGHT

Summer Address: North Bridgton, Maine

## Canada

Mr. W. R. Patton will be the editor of this column on Canadian airposts, and his activities for the past few years ably fit him for the task. Any in quiries on Canadian airposts, addressed to him, will receive a prompt reply, if return postage is included. If there is anything that puzzles you, or if you can make any additions or corrections to the Canadian section in the catalogue, write Mr. Patton, (Box 2384 Winnipeg, Man. Canada).

## CANADIAN AIR MAIL ROUTES IN OPERATION

Taking the 2 c . routes into account first we find that there are 3,308 miles of these routes in operation in Canada. The 5 c routes operate over $2,6841 / 2$ miles, thus giving Canada $5,9921 / 2$ miles total under Government operation.

The 2 c . routes are as follows:-
Lac du Bonnet to Wadhope and Bissett is a yearly service. Distance 50 miles. Commenced operations on Oct. 4th, 1927.

Montreal to Rimouski is run during the Summer Season only. Distance 350 miles. Commenced operations on Sept. 21st, 1927. The Domestic mail was started through on May 29th, 1928, as the older service only carried mail going to Europe by the mail steamers.

Leamington to Pelee Island is a Winter Service only. Distance 22 miles. The first flight on this route was made December 14th 1927.

Quebec to Betsiamites, Chute aux Outardes, Franquelin, Baie St. Nicholas, Godbout, Baie de la Trinite, Pentecost River, Shelter Bay, Clarke City, Comeay Bay and Seven Islands is also a Winter Service. Distance 350 miles. The first flight was made on Dec. 25th, 1927 from La Malbaie. In the Winter of 1928 it was decided the base would be changed to Quebec from where it is expected to carry the Winter mail in the future.

Moncton to Magdalen Islands. Grindstone Island is where all mail is delivered irrespective of which Post Office mail is addressed in the Islands. From Grindstone it is delivered in the ordinary manner, usually by team. This is a Winter service only. Distance 360 miles. The first flight was made Jan. 11, 1928.

Sioux Lookout to Gold Pines, Red Lake, Jackson Manion and Narrow Lake. All Year Service. Distance 320 miles. The first flight was made from Hudson, or Rolling Portage as the Post Office is called, on Jan. 25th, 1928. That Winter the base was changed to Sioux Lookout from where the mail has been dispatched ever since.

Quebec to Port Menier. Winter ser vice. Distance 120 miles. First flight was on Feb. 8th, 1928 from the base at La Malbaie. Next Winter the base was changed to Quebec.

Oskelaneo to Chibougamau. All Year Service. Distance 60 miles. First flight was .made Dec. 24th, 1929.

Fort McMurray to Fort Chipewyan, Fort Fitzgerald, Fort Smith, Fort Resolu tion, Hay River, Fort Providence, Fort Simpson, Wrigley, Fort Norman, Fort Good Hope, Arctic Red River, Fort McPherson and Aklavik. All Year round service. Distance 1,676 miles. The first flight was made on Dec. 10th, 1929
arriving at Aklavik on Dec. 27th and return mail reaching Edmonton on Jan. 10th, 1930. Various dates would therefore be shown on covers to and from each place. It should be noted that mail was also caried during Winter of 1928 also.
Besides carrying mail at 2 c . per ounce for letters, parcels, newspapers and other matter are also handled. That is, on all routes mentioned above.

The 5 c . routes are as follows:--
Montreal-Saint John-Monckton. All Year service. 467 miles. The first ex perimental flight was made on Jan. 28th, 1929 followed by a regular service on Dec. 9th, 1929. This route has been changed three times since Jan. 1929.
Montreal-Quebec. All Year service. 134 miles. The first flight was made on this route as the Saint John route above.

Montreal-Albany. All Year Service. 200 miles. First flight made Oct. 1st, 1928.

Montreal-Toronto-Hamilton-London-Windsor- Detroit. All Year Service. $5571 / 2$ miles. Montreal to Toronto open ed May 5th 1928, balance of route opened July 15th, 1929.

Toronto-Buffalo. All Year Service. Distance 100 miles. Commenced operations on July 15 th, 1929.
Winnipeg-Regina-Moose Jaw-Medicine Hat-Calgary. All Year Service. This route is 770 miles in length and is noted as being, with the line to Edmonton, the only daily air mail service in Canada. Experimental service started Dec. 10th, 1928, regular service on March 3rd, 1930.

Regina-Saskatoon - North Battleford Edmonton. All Year Service. 456 miles. Same remarks as route immediately above.

Only items at air mail rates and passengers carried on the 5 c . routes.
Besides the Government routes mentioned there are a few private Companies which are carrying air mail with 2c: postage, and their own air mail stamps. At present only three Companies are in operation, all in Western Canada. These are the Western Canada Airways, Yokon Airways ๕ Exploration and Cherry Red Airline.

Western Canada Airways, Ltd. 10c. extra postage besides the 2c. Canadian stamp.

Rolling Portage to Red Lake-Gold Pines. Service commenced May 10th, 1927. The Company also operates to Jackson Manion and Narrow Lake, but as far as known there are no first flight covers either way. This service is oper ated other than on Government mail days, that is daily except Tuesday and Friday. In December 1928 the base was changed to Sioux Lookout from where their mail has been carried ever since.

Gold Pines to Favourable Lake. First flight was made on June 4th, 1928.

Lac du Bonnet to Bissett, Wadhope, and other points. The first flight was made on June 1st, 1927. These points were then know as Rice Lake, Long Lake and Slate Lake. This service is operated on other days than Sunday and Wednesday, on which days the Company carries Government mail.
Sioux Lookout to Pickle Lake, Cat Lake, Crow Lake and other points. This service was commenced on Dec. 31st, 1928. The base was then changed to Allanwater, and shortly after again removed to Sioux Lookout.

Yukon Airways \& Exploration Co., Ltd. Besides the 2c. Canadian postage, the Company 25 c . was needed. Changed to $121 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. extra postage early in 1930.
Whitehorse-Dawson-Mayo-Keno CityWernecke. This service was started on Oct. 24th, 1927, with the return flight to Whitehorse on Nov. 7th, 1927.
Cherry Red Airline. Besides the 2c. Canadian postage the Company 10c. stamp also required for mail purposes.
Prince Albert to Lac la Ronge service started June 15th, 1929.

Prince Albert to Montreal Lake service August 13th, 1929.
Prince Albert to Ile a la Crosse started Dec. 26th, 1929.
Price Albert to Christopher Lake started March 10th, 1930.

The above are practically the only private routes now in existence, all the others in the Catalogues having been discontinued.



#### Abstract

AIRMAIL IN COLOMBIA (Continued from Page 8) to the Colombian Government stamps and SCADTA airmail stamps.

Cucuta is in the department of Santander del Norte which also has its own airtax stamps. These two issues will be covered in a later article.

\section*{ACCIDENT COVER}

During the ten years that the SCADTA company have been operating there has been but one accident that affected the mail. A truly wonderful record.

On the 16th of May 1929 the hydroplane was crowded into the bank when taking off at Girardot, by a river steamer and the craft turned over in the water. The mail was of course water soaked. It was returned to Bogota the next day and a sticker affixed to each envelope which was returned to the sender.


## IMPORTANTE

La carta adjunta se mojó en el accidente del dia 16 del presente. Sírvanse devolvérnosla, empacada de nuevo o en el mismo estado, segủn su juicio, para reexpedirla

## DS

 su destino.SCAIDTA
oficina de bogota
quilla to Curacao; a line from Bogota to Tunja to Bucaramanga. The Pan-American-Grace-Airways may operate a line from Buenaventura to Bogota via Cali but since the opening of the SCADTA line over this route this is unlikely in the near future.

## SCADTA AIRWAYS SYSTEM SUMMARY OF RECENT FIRST FLIGHTS 1925 <br> August 10th

From BARRANQUILLA to CRISTOBAL, COSTA RICA, NICARAGUA, HONDURAS, GUATEMALA and CUBA. Cat. No. 5. Only a few special envelopes flown.

## 1928

## June 10th

COLOMBIA to ECUADOR
Special envelopes Barranquilla. Guayaquil
Special envelopes Buenaventura. Guayaquil Catalog No. 6.

June 16th
ECUADOR to COLOMBIA
Special envelopes Guayaquil - Barranquilla
Catalog No. 2 (Ecuador) October 20th
COLOMBIA - ECUADOR . PERU. Cat. No. 7
October 22nd
PERU ECUADOR. COLOMBIA
Special envelopes cancelled Oct. 22, 1928. Scadta Stamps cancelled by rubber stamps.

## October 22nd

Trial flight GUAYAQUIL, PAITA
Special envelopes with cancellation stamp of Paita Post Office. Cat. No. 3 (Peru).

1929
April 3rd
First Flight BARRANQUILLA, CRISTOBAL
Special envelopes with rubber stamp.
Barranquilla - Cristobal
Barranquilla - Colon Cat. No. 8.
July 23rd
FIRST FLIGHT BOGOTA. GIRARDOT
All correspondence with special cachet, "Primer Correo AereoGirardot." Cat. No. 10

August 1st
First Air Mail BOGOTA. CALI
Some special envelopes. Cat. No. 11.
October 23rd
BOGATA-IBAQUE cachet in blue-black (about 100 covers) Cat. No. 12.

December 23rd
BOGOTA.BUGA. Cachet similar to Nos. 11 and 12. Cat.
No. 13. (about 150 covers).
December 23rd
BOGOTA ARMENIA. Above cachet. Cat. No. 13.

## BASRAH

It is doubtful if there is any other place in the world, which goes by so many different names; even officially, by the Iraq Government, it is written with or without an " h ".
In addition to the above, Basrah is also known as Balsora, Bussora or Bassora (spelt with or without an " $h$ " also). All this has been causing much confusion of late, to airmail collectors, who have been looking up Basrah in prewar maps or French editions.
Barrah, which is situated on the Shatt-elArab, as the Tigris and Euphrates are called after they unite into one, (before falling into the Persian Gulf). was founded by the Caliph Omar in 636 A.D.
The England-Indian (Imperial Airways) airmail line stops, after Baghdad, at Bassora (this is how Basrab is called in Greek and French) and, from a most out of the way place that it was, it now receives mail, in 4 days from London, 2 from Athen and 1 from Alexandria.
Index of some Geographical dictionaries and encyclopaedias have confused it with the locality of Busra (h) or Bosra (h) and state that Basrah is also so called, which is not correct. No doubt this error has occured because both these localities are, generally marked on the same page of the atlases. The Bosra (h), also called Busseirah, is the "Bozrah" mentioned in the Bible, and which played an important part in the days of the Crusades, is now situated in the French Mandated territory of Syria, on the transjordanian frontier, near the Sea of Gallilee, (Palestine).
-DROSSOS.

## MAIL CARRIED ON THE

 PRAIRIE FLIGHTThe Department at Ottawa gives the following figures as to mail carried on flight of March 3rd 1930.

From Winnipeg, 43,200.
From Regina, 29,540.
From Saskatoon, 18,960 .
From North Battleford, 13,035.
From Edmonton, 18,000.
From Moose Jaw, 20,969.
From Medicine Hat, 17,002.
From Calgary, 18,565.
Taking the lowest number carried between any two points, it will be found that North Battleford to Regina has only 3,050 . Therefore complete sets will number less than 3,000 in all. Although the total amount of mail was about 179,271 letters, yet over 60,000 of these were business mail. Winnipeg to Calgary had over 6,000 business let ters on the flight as the Saturday before over 4,000 letters were mailed at the special wicket for the flight, and at least 3,000 on the Monday.
-W. R. PATTON.

Next Month
An Article on the
"ILE DEFRANCE"
Stamps with Illustration
of Complete Pane.

## The Airpost Chronicle

Notices of new flights, new arimail stamps, and any news items of interest
to Airpost Collectors are desired for publication in this column.
U. S. A.

On July 1st, San Diego, Calif, was added to C.A.M. 8, the service being extended from Los Angeles. The special cachet used was similar to that for the extension of C. A. M. 4 on June 1st. We notice that the new system of designating contract routes is "A.M. 8" and this was used in the cachet.


## ALGERIA

We illustrate the semi-official stamps which were chronicled last issue.

## BELGIUM

Airmail service from Belgium and France to the Belgian Congo will be put into operation, probably in the fall of 1930, as the result of an agreement between the Belgian and French Governments. The Belgian company taking part in the enterprise is the "Sabena" and the French is the "Societe Transaharienne" subsidiary of the "Aeropostale." It is expected to extend this service to Madagascar.

In the beginning one trip weekly, carrying mail, will be made. Later the service will include express and passengers. The route to be followed will be Antwerp, Brussels, Paris, Perpigan or Marseilles, Algiers or Oran, Gao, Lake Rohad, Fort Lamy and Elizabethville.


## BOLIVIA

The new airmail set, details of which were given last month, is illustrated above. Values: Type 1, 5c on 10 c green; Type 2, 10 c blue; 15 c violet; 25 c red; 50 c sepia; and 1 Bol. gold.
-Nicolas Sanabrin
BRAZIL
In addition to the six values of the Zeppelin stamps chronicled last month, there were two other values, surcharged 5 and 10 milreis.

$$
\text { Rs. } 5 \$ 000
$$

on the 20,000 reis blue.
The quantities issued are as follows:
Regular Surch. U.S.A.

| $5,000 \mathrm{r}$ | 12,000 | 8,000 | Surc. new val. |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| $10,000 \mathrm{r}$ | 12,000 | 8,000 | 5,000 |
| $20,000 \mathrm{r}$ | 7,000 | 4,000 | 5,000 |
|  |  |  |  |



ECUADOR
Illustratingg the Mendez commemoratives mentioned last month, surcharged on the officials with change of colors. - Nicolas Sanabria.


FRANCE
The new airmail stamp chronicled last month is illus. trated herewith.

Airmail service to Trans-Atlantic steamers will be facilitated in the near future by the inauguration of a service between Cherbourg, France and Basle, Switzer land and by another service, to be begun some time during the summer, between Cherbourg and Cologne. The latter service, it is expected, will effect a saving of from 24 to 48 hours in the delivery of mail sent from Germany to the United States. Bids have been asked for an airmail service to be established between Paris and Cherbourge.


ICELAND
Illustrating the new Iceland set of five values chron icled last month.


A series of three airmail stamps was issued on July 10th in commemoration of Fr. Ferrucci. Values: 50c, 1 lire deep orange brown and 7 lire purple. Perforated 14 and watermarked Crown.
(Continued on page 17)

BRAZIL


| 22 | $\begin{array}{c}5,000 \mathrm{r} \\ \mathbf{2 0} \\ 10,000 \mathrm{r} \\ \text { carmine } \\ \text { olive grey }\end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: |

$43,000 \mathrm{r}$ viole


Wmkd．
27．12．29
Stars and CASA
$(100,000)$
$(120,1)$
Perf． 11
MOEDA
1.00
$\underset{\text { C．}}{\text { C．Mkd．}}$ Mult．Stars enclosing CHTE ${ }^{19.2 .30} \quad(100,000) \quad 60$ CHILI
（insert above no． 19 instead of＇Similar to no． 3 ＇） ${ }^{\text {Perf．}}$ Wmit．${ }^{14}$ Small Star in
（insert above no．17）
（insert above no． 18
 100,000 ）

Shield，Mult．

COSTA RICA


1930，Feb．11，surcharged in red on official stamp of 1926
3 8e on 1col lilac and black
4
40 c on 1col lilac and black
$\mathbf{8}$
40 c on 1col lilac and black
40 c on 1col lilac and black
1 col on 1col lilac and black
Issucd for the first flight to Central America．the U．$(12,000)$ ．and South America．


UNITED STATES

$(30,000)$ 15


BELGIUM



BELGIAN CONGO


930，Apr．${ }^{2} 15 \mathrm{~g}$ ．grey brown and black
6．${ }^{\text {5 }}$ ． 15 f grey brown and biolet and black
Printed by Bradbury，Wilkinson Cor of London


## AIRPOST CHRONICLE (Continued from page 15) LATVIA

Quite a furore has been created in philatelic circles over the new airmail stamps of this country. According to reports from Germany and other European sources, it seems that this emission was entirely unnecessary and rankly speculative as the stock of airmail stamps on hand was large enough to take care of the demand for some time.

It appears that a dealer contracted with some official for the entire issue and, from one report, the stamps would not have appeared if he had not ordered them, about six months in advance. From this, it would seem that these stamps have no standing whatsoever and we advise our readers to avoid this set for the time being.


The first value of the new set which was mentioned last month, is illustrated herewith. We understand that the series will consist of 10 values, $1 / 2,1,2,2,5$, $10,15,25,50$, and 100 p .


LITHUANIA
A new set of seven values was issued on June 7th. Perforated 14 and watermarked Honeycomb.

Type 1 5c black, yellow and brown, $(500,000)$
1 10c blue, grey and black
$(500,000)$
$1,15 \mathrm{c}$ deep lake, grey and blue
$(500,000)$
$2,20 \mathrm{c}$ chocolate, orange and carmine $(200,000)$
2 40c blue, light blue and lilac $(200,000)$
3 60c green, lilac and black
$(200,000)$
3 1L carmine, mauve and black
$(100,000)$

## PARAGUAY

The first direct flight from Paraguay to U.S.A. via Buenos Aires was made on June 12th. The mails were brought from Asuncion by the Aeroposta Argentina and transferred at Buenos Aires to the Panagra route via the Pacific. The first plane with these mails left Buenos Aires on June 14th with a total net weight of 4 pounds of mail.

> -A. H. Davis.

## SPAIN

An exceptionally attractive set of airmails has been issued by this country, in connection with the centenary of the famous artist, Goya. The designs of these stamps

are reproductions of the paintings: "Disparate volante", "Buen Viage", "Manera de Volar" and "Volaverunt." Perforated $121 / 2$ and unwatermarked.
Type 15 c rose and orange yellow
$(104,000)$
2 5c olive green and blue green
$(104,000)$
2 10c greenish blue and bright green
$(54,000)$
1 15c black and orange
$(54,000)$
2 20c ultramarine and rose
3 20c slate and brown, spec. delivery $(51,800)$
1 25c lake and bright rose
$(53,000)$
4 30c brown and violet $(34,000)$
2 40c ultramarine and pale blue
450 c vermillion and green
$(33,500)$
51 p slate purple and lilac
44 p deep lake and black
$(17,000)$
$(16,700)$
510 p sepia and yellow brown
$(16,800)$


Another series of six airmail stamps was issued in connection with the International Railway Congress. Perforated 14 and unwatermarked.

5c yellow brown
10c carmine
(Continued on page 22)


GERMANY


1930, Apr. 26
$37 \quad 2 \mathrm{~m}$ bright ultramarin
384 m black brown
American flitght of the Graf Zeppelin
HAITI
1929-30
$129-30$
25 c green
$\begin{array}{ll}1 & 25 \mathrm{c} \text { green } \\ 3 & 75 \mathrm{c} \text { red brown }\end{array}$ red brown
hangel ncis. 1 HONDURAS



1oov, surcnatgeu in red or black
(R) (a)
 a. '1903' ${ }^{\text {2. }}$
c. Surcharge inverted
d. Surcharge inverted
e. Surcharge inverted,
e. Surcharge inverte
$f$. Double surcharge
g. Double surcharge, one inverted




1930, stamps of 1915-24
245 c on led ive
a. Serv.cioa ere (d)

2515 c on, 2 c c brown d)
$6 \begin{array}{llll}a \text {. } & \text { ' } r \text { ' of 'aereo' } \\ 20 \mathrm{c} & \text { on } \\ 50 \mathrm{c} & \text { rosine }\end{array}$
(d)

Surcharged in blue
(e)
$27 \begin{aligned} & \text { and } \\ & 10 \mathrm{c}\end{aligned}(\mathrm{R})$ on 5 c ( Bl ) on 20 c yellow brown

## ICERAND



Above stamp surcharged
in red for official use
4 in red or official


$42 \quad$ in red 2 ran on 1 p 25 deep green
$(80,000)$
a. 'Republique'
No. 42a. occurs on the second stamp of the lower pane of 25. MEXICO
3520 c black violet $\quad$ No. 40 520 c
${ }^{\text {a. Missing period }}$.


Roulette 13, $131 / 2$
1930, Apr. 20, stamp of
$36 \quad \begin{gathered}\text { surcharg } \\ 10 \mathrm{c} \text { violet }\end{gathered}$
o. 35 a is the 59 th stamp of the sheet.


## NICARAGUA

> (add after no. 4) a. Doble surge surcharge b. Inverted surcharge (add after no. 5) a. Double surcharge

PANAMA


Perf. $141 / 2$ Smkd. Crown an Single lined A
929, Regular issue of 1916 mostly in the color of
3d blue green and black

## PAPUA



3 d blue green and blac

## PARAGUAY


6.80 p grey on bluish 1930, regular issue of $\begin{aligned} & 6.80 \mathrm{p} \text { green on pink } \\ & \text {, } 1927-28\end{aligned}$ surcharged in red or
5 c on 10 c olive green 5 c on 10
10c olive
20c blue
40 c on 50 c
a. 'Aereo' missing
a. Aereo missing
1 p emerald green

3 p grey brown
6 p scarlet
6 p scarlet
10 p on 20 p dull purple
10 p on 20 p scarlet

| (a) | (R) | 7.4 .30 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| (a) | (R) | 24.1 .30 |
| (a) | (R) | 24.1 .30 |
| (a) | (R) | 7.4 .30 |
| (b) | (R) | (R) |
| (b) | (R) | 24.1 .30 |
|  |  | (c) |
|  | (c).1.30 | 7.4 .30 |
|  |  | (d) |
|  | (d.4.30 | 7.4 .30 |

10.4 .30
10.430
$(99,600)$
$(50,000)$
$(30,000)$
$(19,800)$
$(10,000)$
$(10,000)$
$(9,800)$
$(4,900)$
$(4,800)$

| -サ! HDOOXD VTIE S\&W <br>  |  $\qquad$ 'Tร LOOL-TIIH 'g 'SVHD <br>  -sz •כa |  dOHS dWVLS LXVGOH |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | TIVN MIV Oq.\&z6I HLIM GayNy |
|  |  | due |
| - | кгәуо ¥еч |  |
|  |  |  |
| S\&AMOJ Vg\%XN GENDIS LOTId |  | LSAG 3HL LGЭ OL SXVd LI |


VENEzUELA

PRICE CHANGES
Nos. are understood to refer to the stamp section unless S. S. (Semi
Official stamps) or F . S. (First and Special flights, is the immediate heading.

| U. S. |  | France |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{F}^{\text {2 }}$ W ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 30.00 0.00 | 3 a | 450.00 |  |
| F5S6 | 2.00 2.00 | French Morocco |  |  |
| F5S18 | 1.25 | 1 | 6.00 | 2.50 |
| F5S19 | 1.50 | ${ }_{2}^{2 a}$ | 2.00 | 40 |
| F5S22 | 1.50 | $\stackrel{3}{3}$ | 50 | 25 |
| F'6E6 | 3.25 | 3 a | 15 | 10 |
| F6E6a | 4.00 | 2b | 40.00 |  |
| F6 W 4 | 3.50 | 4 b | 40.00 |  |
| F6W20 | 2.25 | 5 5 | 30 | 10 |
| F7W2 | 1.25 | 5 b | 30.00 |  |
| F8N1 | 1.50 | 6 ba imperf. | 40.00 | 25 |
| F8N1a | 1.50 | 6 b imperf. | 40.00 |  |
| Altania |  | Germany |  |  |
| 22 | 1.00 | 19a | 9.00 | 9.00 |
| 23 | 1.00 | S. o. |  |  |
| 24 | 1.00 | 2a | 25.00 |  |
| 25 | 2.50 | 3 | 47.50 | 75.00 |
| 26 | 12.00 | 4 | 40.00 | 70.00 |
| 27 | 12.00 | 5 | 12.00 | 35.00 |
| ${ }^{28}$ | 12.00 | Germany |  |  |
| F. S. |  | 6 |  | 10 |
| Argentina |  | 12a | delete |  |
| 4 | 250 | 13 | 10.00 | 40.00 |
| Austria |  | 16 17 | 25.00 25.00 | 38.00 38.00 |
| $\begin{array}{ll} 16 \\ \text { S. }{ }_{0} . \end{array}$ | 25 | F. S. ${ }^{17}$ | 25.00 | 38.00 |
| Brazil |  | 1 |  | 12.00 |
| Brat 10 | 30 | 1b |  | 20.00 |
| F. S. |  | 10 a |  | 45.00 |
| Br. Honduras |  | 14 |  | 25.00 50.00 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \mathrm{a} \end{aligned}$ | 6.00 20.00 | Honduras |  |  |
| F. S. |  | 12 | 35.00 | 35.00 |
| Canal Zone |  | 13 | 4.25 |  |
| ${ }^{11}$ | 12.00 | 14 | 40 |  |
| Chile |  | 15 | 1.50 |  |
| ${ }_{8}^{6}$ | 10 | 16 | 3.00 |  |
| Colomb: ${ }^{8}$ | 35 | Lebanon |  |  |
| Colomb: ${ }_{1}$ | $600.00 \quad 325.00$ | 33 34 3 | 25.00 |  |
| ${ }_{6}^{67}$ | 17.00 | 35 | ${ }_{25.00}^{25.00}$ |  |
| 68 16 | 17.00 | Surinam |  |  |
| S. ${ }^{16}$ | $20.00 \quad 20.00$ | 1 | 3.00 |  |
| Ecuado: |  | Syria |  |  |
| 32 | 8.00 | ${ }_{2}$ | 20.00 |  |
| 33 | 8.00 | 3 | 20.00 |  |
| 34 | 5.00 | 4 | 17.50 |  |
| 35 | 4.00 | 5 | 35.00 |  |
| ${ }^{36}$ \% | 6.50 | 6 | 35.00 |  |
|  | after no. 36 to no. 37 | 7 | 1.50 |  |
| Ecuador 37 | 25.00 - | 8 | 3.00 4.00 |  |

CLOSING OUT SALEI am disposing of my entire stock of Airmail Covers atprices much lower than their actual value.
FAM 4, Oct. 19, 1927, no. F4E1, Key West-Havana .....  20
Oct. 28, 1927, no. F4W2, Havana-Key West. ..... 25
Sept. 15, 1928, no. F4E3, Miami-Havana ..... 4.25
Dec. 5, 1928, no. F4W4, Havana-Miami ..... 3.00
FAM 6, Jan. 9, 1929, no. F6E1, Miami-Havana ..... 1.40
F6E5, Miami-Santo Domingo ..... 75
F6W6, Santo Domingo-Miami ..... 1.25
F6E4, Port au Prince--San Juan ..... 4.00
F6W7, San Juan-Santo Domingo ..... 2.00
F6W8, Miami-San Juan ..... 65
F6E9, San Juan-Miami ..... 65
—— Port au Prince-Santiago ..... 3.50
—— Port au Prince-Santo Domingo. ..... 3.50
_- Santo Domingo--Port au Prince. ..... 3.50
Jan. 10, 1929, no. F6W2, Havana-Miami ..... 90
F6E6, Santo Domingo-San Juan ..... 2.50
Jan. 21, 1929, no. F6W11, San Juan-Port au Prince. ..... 7.50
Sept. 26, '29, no. F6W13, St. Thomas-Port au Prince ..... 5.00
F6E21, St. Johns-St. Thomas ..... 1.25
—— Port of Spain-Castries ..... 1.25

- Port of Spain-Havana (169 carried) ..... 1.25
FAM 6 25 (Trin. 1) Port of Spain-Georgetown ..... 2.50
FAM 7, Jan. 1, '29 F7E1 Miami-Nassau ..... 1.00
F7W 1, Nassau-Miami ..... 1.50
The above are at half catalogue. Special discount to dealers for five ormore of a kind.
FAM 5. May 5, 1930,
Cristobal-Maracaibo ..... 75
FAM 5. Apr. 26, 1930. Lindy carried Miami-Havana, first flight 3.00
Lindy carried Miami-Cristobal, direct. ..... 75
Lindy carried Cristobal-Havana, direct ..... 2.00
Lindy carried Cristobal-Miami, direct ..... 75
Miami-Camaguey, first flight, (rare) ..... 4.00
Miami--Port au Prince first one day flight 5.00
Miami-Santo Domingo, ditto, (28phl. cov) 7.50
Miami-San Juan ..... 4.00
Miami-Nassau, resumed flights. ..... 50
Nassau-Miami, ditto ..... 60
Cristobal-Santiago de Chile ..... 1.15
One each of the following:
FAM 6, Jan. 21, 1929, F6E10, Miami-Port au Prince, one of 45 that got through25.00
Georgetown-Port au Prince, rarest FAM, (4 flown) ..... 50.00
Rare St. Kitts, carried by Lindy and back to San Juan on return first flight,...... 50.00
Scores of others, in fact FAM 4, 6, 6/5 extension and 7 practically full coverage. Let me quote on your want list before they are gone. Sale ends
September 15, 1930.


## AIRPOST CHRONICLE

(Continued from page 17)
25 c ultramarine
50c light violet
1 p green
4p slate black

## SOUTHWEST AFRICA

Mr. Nicolas Sanabria informs us that two provisional airmail stamps are about to be issued. They will probably be a 4 pence and one shilling.


## SWITZERLAND

On July 1st, a new airmail stamp was issued, a 2 franc, dark brown on pale brown tinted paper; designed by Vibert. Perforated $111 / 2$ and watermarked Greek Cross.
-L. Rochat.

## UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA

Union Airways will extend its service providing support is received from the government. The schedules it plans to inaugurate cover four routes. (1) Cape Town to Port Elizabeth via George or Oudtshoorn, (2) Port Elizabeth-Bloemfontein-Germiston, (3) Port Elizabeth-East London-Durban, via Grahamstown and Umtala and (4) Germiston to Durban via New Castle, Ladysmith and Pietermaritzburg.
-F. A. News

## RESULTS OF SUBSCRIPTION CONTEST

Due to the rush and confusion incidential to the making up of the last issue, we omitted to announce the results of our subscription contest. The winners are as follows:
First Prize: W. W. Betts.
Second Prize: Airpost Stamp Co.
Third Prize: G. A. Zimmerman.
Fourth Prize: G. Tucker.

## ADLETS-Undisplayed

RATES-10c. per line for each insertion. Fifty (50) lines for $\$ 4.00$. Advertising under this heading is payable in advance, without exception.

Zeppelin Mail Price List Free. I have a large Zeppelin Mail Price List Free. I have a large stock of Zeppelin Covers. Mail me your wishes.
Bolivia to Germany $\$ 10.00$. Drop Card. Bahia Bolivia to Germany $\$ 10.00$. Drop Card. Bahia
$\$ 5.00$. Drop Card Rio de Janeiro $\$ 5.00$, etc$\$ 5.00$. Drop Card Rio de Janeiro $\$ 5.00$, etc.
I have also the new german Zeppelin Mail I have also the new german Zeppelin Mail Catalogue 1930. Otto Edenharter, 44 Frundsberg
Street, Muenchen-19, Germany. Zeppelin Mail Specialist.

Zeppelin Price List free. I make approval selections in Zeppelins. Otto Edenharter, Muen. chen, 19, Germany.

## Letters From Our Readers

Under this heading readers may air their opinions about the hobby, this magazine, the Standard Catalogue, or about anything else
that is of interest to the hobby. Letters must be signed, but your name will not be published if you ask us not to.

The Editor,
"The Airpost Journal".
Dear Sir,
Reference your remarks on page eight of the May number, it would be more true to say that there are many more forgeries of Japan 1919 than genuine stamps on the market, as very large quantities have been in the hands of Japanese and European dealers while the majority of even leading dealers in this country cannot or do not take the trouble to identify the forgeries. Uñ. fortunately for the collector such stamps can only be accepted as genuine if the collector is himself a specialist or the stamps bear the guarantee of another specialist who really knows the issue.
While on this subject we would advise you that some doubtful Peru no. 1, Morocco 1922/3 imperf and other varieties have come on the market and offers should be examined with great care.

Yours faithfully, FRANCIS J. FIELD.

American collectors, of course, are already familiar with the "American Air Mail Society" but we might add that the Advance Information Bulletin, under the guidance of Secretary Gatchell has developed to a high degree, and this source of prompt information is alone worth many times the annual dues. Formerly under the guidance of a dealer who had a rather dull axe to grind, this little Bulletin has become one of the most timely publications that the hobby has produced, and all credit for this splendid improvement must go to Secretary Gatchell, who has proved what could be done with it, once it got into capable hands.

FAM 6-Second Assisiant Postmaster General Glover advises us by telegraph that Kingston, Jamaica, will be added to FAM 6 about August 1. Definite date will be published later. Cachet at Miamı. This gives everyone plenty of time to get covers to Jamaica for return trip. Thanks, Mr. Glover.

> -A. A. M. Bulletin.

## U. S. AND CANADIAN STYLE <br> AIR MAIL ENVELOPES

Specially designed for the First Flights 25 envelopes either style, 25 c ; or 125 envelopes for a dollar bill. Samples for stamp.
We have in stock a full line of S.-W.-J. Co. booklets. What do you need? List free! N. JOSEPH

65 Walden St.,
Boston-30, Mass.

## DEALERS

FOURTH PERSIA AIR MAIL
3 Kr. to 3 Kr . No. 1120 - 1133
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Send for recent bulletin.
LOUIS WEISSMAN
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A. O. LITT

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## THE BERKSHIRE EXCHANGE


[^0]:    The SCADTA agent at Cartagena has announced that the fourth issue of SCADTA stamps is no longer valid for postage, but that these may be exchanged for the latest issue.

    While it has not been announced, we also believe that collectors wishing to exchange any of the first or second issue of SCADTA stamps for the present issue, may do so. If the company will not accept them, send them to the editor of this Magazine.

